

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

Family of

Joris Dircksen Brinckerhoff

OF

NEW YORK CITY

1638

COMPILED BY

Roeliff C. Brinkerhoff

Riverside, California

MAY 1902

COAT-OF-ARMS.

It is not proposed that we enter deeply into the science of Heraldry, but a few facts relating to the subject may prove interesting, and help to a better understanding of our family coat-of-arms.

The origin of armorial bearings seems lost in the obscurity of past ages, but that they were used at a most remote period is proven by the Bible (see Numbers ii, 2); and do we not also read of the "Lion of the tribe of Judah?"

Heraldry, as such seems to have had no positive existence until about the middle of the twelfth century, nor was it deemed of importance until the time of the wars of the Crusades, as so many of the coats-of-arms of ancient families denote, from their variety of crosses and escallop shells, that they were adopted in commemoration of a pilgrimage to the Holy Land.

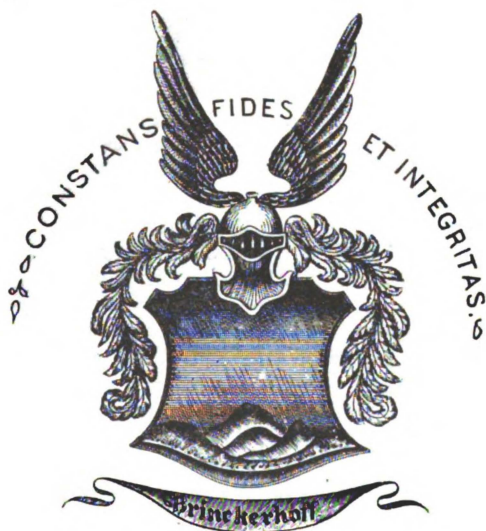
The Mottoes, as seen on the coats-of-arms are not a necessity. It is optional with the recipient whether he assumes one or more, or none. In early times they were often the war cry with which a leader called his followers to battle. The Scotch, in many instances, use two mottoes—one above the crest, the other under the arms.

Crests and arms are often spoken of indiscriminately. They are, however, two distinct branches of heraldry. The first approach to a crest is seen in the barrel-shaped helmet of King Richard I of England, and it was not until the shield was so burdened and overloaded with figures as to render it difficult to decipher, that the crest was adopted as a relief, and a more ready way to distinguish families.

Mr. James Riker, a well-known antiquarian, and an authority in matters appertaining to heraldry, furnishes the following description of the Brinckerhoff coat-of-arms:

"The armorial bearings, the original escutcheon of the family, denotes in the color, blue, fidelity; in the white of the shield, the honors of Knighthood; the wings signifying promptness in State affairs; and the 'flower hills' in the knight's shield express faithfulness and honesty.

It may be stated further that the shield is partially encircled by a mantling of foliage or feathers, often added merely for ornament; and that the open-barred visor denotes that the family was of patrician rank. Also the year in which the coat-of-arms was given, as obtained from authentic sources, is 1307.



1307

AUTHOR'S APOLOGY

About ten years ago (in 1891) the writer was urged by several elder members of the family to prepare a Supplement to the Brinkerhoff family history which was published in 1887, and give a more complete and recent review of the events and persons connected with the family of General Henry R. Brinkerhoff, by adding two more generations than were mentioned in the book published in 1887.

In obedience to that request, a small pamphlet was published and distributed through the family in 1892, comprising the children and grandchildren of Gen. Henry R., which proved to be too brief and incomplete, so after a lapse of ten years or more, the writer was minded to revise and enlarge the Supplement of 1892 by adding another generation of the family (the ninth) and a brief sketch of the leading figures of this branch of the family, viz., General Henry R. Brinkerhoff and Sarah Swartwout, his wife, and their portraits and also the portraits of their children.

This work will be considered of small value at the present time, but the writer believes that as the perspective enlarges by the lapse of years the value of this effort will become more apparent and become an aid to others who may desire to continue the work in the future.

R. C. B.



GENERAL HENRY R. BRINKERHOFF

In writing a history of the family of Gen. Henry R. Brinkerhoff it is proper to first give a sketch of himself and his wife as the head of the family.

In the Holland Dutch vernacular his name was given as Hendrick Roelofsen, or Henry the son of Roelif. He was born on September 23, 1787, in Adams county, Pennsylvania, and was in the sixth generation and the thirty-fourth person in that line, from Joris Dircksen Brinckerhoff who was the first one of the name to cross the Atlantic, and who was born in the County of Drenthe, Holland, in the year 1609

and came to New York City, then called New Amsterdam, in 1638.

The family was of Flemish extraction and so far as now known, the earliest historical mention of the family located it in the City of Ghent in the Netherlands, where its members were known as free born citizens or Patricians of that city and among whom Andries Brinckerhoff, senator and syndic in 1307 is particularly mentioned in the annals of those times.

The Dutch of the Netherlands were Teutons with no historic trace of Celtic blood and were descendants of the ancient Aryans, the most virile and liberty loving race mentioned in history, whose origin has been traced back to Japheth the son of Noah. The Hollanders were a selection of hardy Teutons, who, in battling with the sea and reclaiming the land learned to conquer themselves and to resist tyranny.

The line of descent from Joris Dircksen Brinckerhoff was as follows:

Joris Dircksen.

Hendrick.

Jacobus.

Joris.

Roeliff.

Hendrick Roeliffsen, or Henry R.

A full account of each of the above-named persons is given in the Brinckerhoff family history published in 1887 by Richard Brinckerhoff of New York City, and compiled by Gen. R. Brinckerhoff of Mansfield, Ohio.

It seems that the earliest members of the family spelled the name with a letter c, viz., Brinckerhoff, but the western generations have mostly dropped the c as superfluous. On page 60 of the family history appears the following:

VI-34. Hendrick Roeliffsen Brinckerhoff at the age of six years, came with his father Roeliff, from Adams county, Penn., to the wilderness of Cayuga county, New York, and grew to manhood on his father's farm on the east shore of Owasco Lake. Without the advantages of good schools, he acquired a good education for those days and was a man of general intelligence and sterling integrity. He was a man of fine presence of popular manners and possessed the qualities essential for leadership among men.

In the war of 1812 with Great Britain, at the age of twenty-five years he was elected Captain of a company of soldiers and was attached to the Van Rensselaer expedition into Canada and subsequently served under Generals Brown.

Ripley and Scott. He participated in several engagements, was wounded at Lundy's Lane and was taken prisoner at the battle of Queenstown. He was there taken sick and was then paroled and returned home but never fully recovered from the hardships incident to his soldier life. In 1814 he married Miss Sarah Swartwout of Deer Park, Orange county, N. Y., and settled down upon his father's farm at Owasco, which he afterwards inherited and remained there until his removal to Ohio in 1838.

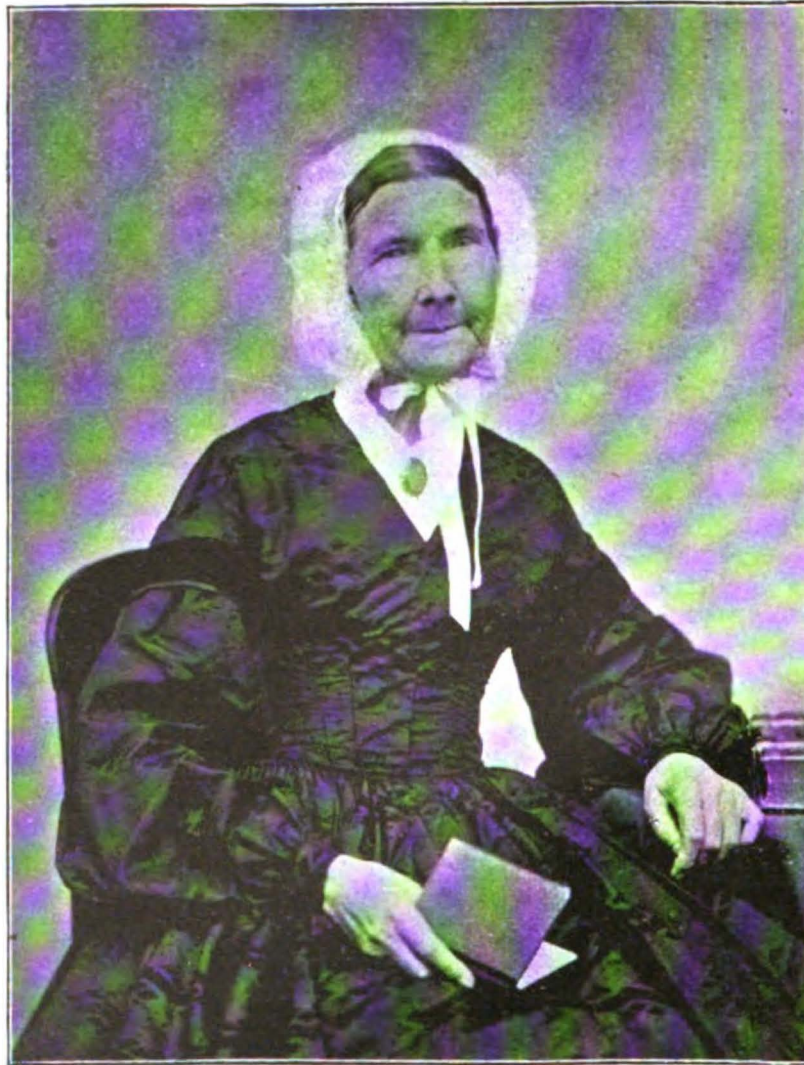
He was one of the foremost men in his county and a leader in all public affairs. He was elected to the House of Representatives in the Legislature of the State of New York from Cayuga county and served two consecutive terms beginning in 1828, with credit to himself and to his constituents, in those days when the office sought the man. At home he was an officer in the church and was Justice of the Peace for many years.

He was especially active in military matters. In 1824 he was the senior Major General in the State militia and commanded the military escort which accompanied the French General Lafayette in his progress through New York State on his last visit to America. He was also an intimate friend of President Van Buren and of Governors Clinton and Troop and they often visited him at his home in Owasco. In fact all the leaders of the Democratic party at that time knew him well and valued his counsels highly. At the funeral of Governor De Witt Clinton he was one of the pall bearers.

In 1837, his residence at Owasco having been destroyed by fire, he sold his farm and removed to Huron county, Ohio, and settled upon a farm of 200 acres in New Haven township adjoining the village of Plymouth, where he resided until his death.

Shortly after locating upon this farm, he started and successfully carried through a movement for building the first Presbyterian church at Plymouth, of which he and his wife were afterwards the most active and liberal members and supporters.

In 1843, although living in a strong Whig district he was elected to Congress as a Democrat by an overwhelming majority, being popularly known as "the farmers' candidate." He did not, however, live to take his seat in Congress, but was taken sick just as he was preparing to go to Washington, and died April 30, 1844, respected and lamented by all.



SARAH SWARTWOUT BRINKERHOFF

Sarah Swartwout, the wife of Gen. Henry R. Brinkerhoff, was born November 4, 1794, in Deer Park, Orange county, N. Y. She was the daughter of Peter Swartwout and his wife, Jane Westfall, who were prosperous and influential farmers in the rich valley at the foot of the Shawangunk mountain five miles from the present site of Port Jervis, N. Y. She was descended from a family of brave and loyal Whigs, that, in the days preceding and during the Revolutionary War, were surrounded by Indians and Tories, so that their property and lives were in constant danger.

One day in 1779 her grandfather, Phillip Swartwout, hear-

ing that a band of Indians were plundering and marauding in neighboring settlements, put his wife Deborah on a horse and placing his youngest son, Peter, (later Sarah's father) on the horse behind his mother, bade them go without delay to the fort, about two miles distant. The next morning while Phillip and his three older sons were at breakfast, the Indians stealthily approached the house, secured the guns and while the defenceless men were running for the fort the Indians shot and scalped the father and two sons, Jacobus and Cornelius. The third son Gerardus, being very stout of foot, although wounded, reached the fort and was saved.

Sarah was the fourth of a family of seven children, viz., Simeon, Phillip, James, Sarah, Samuel, Deborah* and David. Sarah's childhood and girlhood were spent on the farm until the winter of 1813-14, when she went by wagon to visit her brother, Simeon, at Owasco, Cayuga county, N. Y., a distance of about 200 miles.

There she met for the first time, Captain Henry R. Brinkernoff who, with his company had been taken prisoners at the battle of Queenstown, Canada, and who was at his father's home recovering from a dangerous illness contracted in the army.

It must have been a case of love at first sight, for in the "month of roses" following, this handsome young officer was seen driving a fine horse and single wagon up to the home of Peter Swartwout in Deer Park Orange county, while around the corner of the house were seen a group of colored people curiously watching for the Captain who was soon to carry away their young mistress Sally.

On June 14, 1814 the wedding occurred and their wedding tour was the long drive back to the new home on the Owasco lake, where they lived, caring tenderly for the old people, Henry's parents, during the remainder of their lives.

Here were born their eleven children, Peter, Maria, Jane, Cornelia, David, Abram, Roeliff, Martha, Sarah, Isabella and Simeon. In 1837, their home at Owasco was destroyed by fire and they sold their farm and removed to Huron county, Ohio, in the spring of 1838.

Sarah was in stature, above the average size, and a woman of strength of character, a lover of truth and a hater of deception of every kind. She loved her Bible and her God above all else, and would repeat from memory chapter after chapter of the Word, even after memory had failed her in many

* See last page.

other things. The Bible was her rule of daily life and her admonitions to her children were often clothed in the language of Scripture. She was possessed of energy, wisdom and good judgment in a marked degree. With the care of a large family, with the necessary spinning, weaving and knitting, with many guests to entertain, with a large farm to oversee during her husband's frequent absence of weeks or months, nothing was neglected, but thrift and abundance attended her efforts. Her grandchildren always found a warm and affectionate welcome to her home and heart of which the writer has grateful memories.

Upon her eightieth birthday, November 4, 1874, at Hillsdale, Michigan, she held, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Smith, a family reunion which was a notable family event and a rare and enjoyable occasion. All of her children, living, or married, were present, or were represented by a child. Her oldest son, Peter, being in California, was represented by his oldest living son, the writer, who was then residing in Ohio.

Her latter years were spent with her daughter Sarah, (Mrs. Dr. Geo. E. Smith) at whose home she died August 18, 1882, at Fremont, Ohio, in the eighty-eighth year of her age. The interment was made at Plymouth, O., in the family plot where her remains rest beside those of her beloved husband, in the old cemetery adjoining the Presbyterian church.

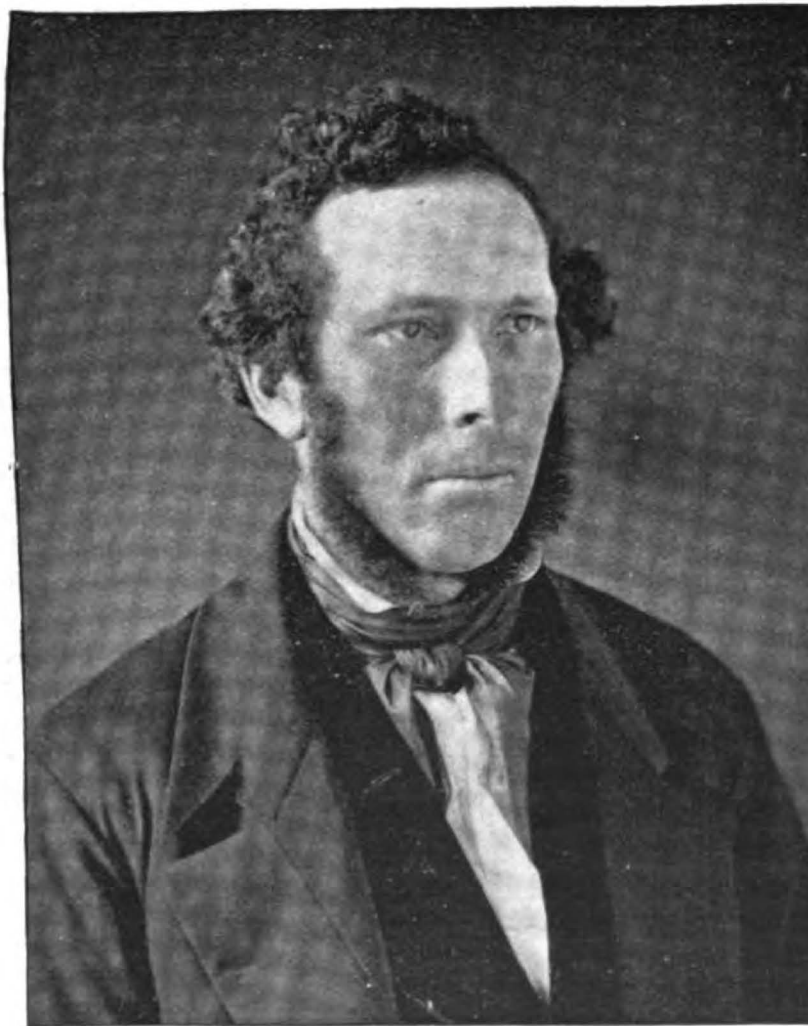
The ancestors of the Swartwout family were of Holland Dutch origin, men of large stature and great physical strength. They were among the early settlers of New Amsterdam, who left the Netherlands during the thirty years war, when King Phillip of Spain was endeavoring to exterminate the Protestants. They were a sturdy, God-fearing people who came to the new world to obtain the freedom of worship which they were denied in Europe.

Sarah Swartwout was in the sixth generation from Roeliff Swartwout who was the paternal ancestor of all the Swartwouts in this country as follows:

Roeliff, or Roeloff
 Anthony.
 Jacobus.
 Phillip.
 Peter.
 Sarah.

Roeliff Swartwout was born in Amsterdam, Holland, in 1634 and came to New York City (New Amsterdam) in the year 1655. He first settled at Fort Orange, now Albany, on the Hud-

son river. On August 13, 1657, he married Eva, the daughter of Albert Andriessen Brodt de Voorman. After the death of his wife, Eva, on Oct. 8, 1691, he married Francyntrye Andries in New York City. He afterwards removed to Ulster county, and his last will and testament made in 1714, in his eightieth year, in the Dutch language, is recorded at Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y., among the county records.

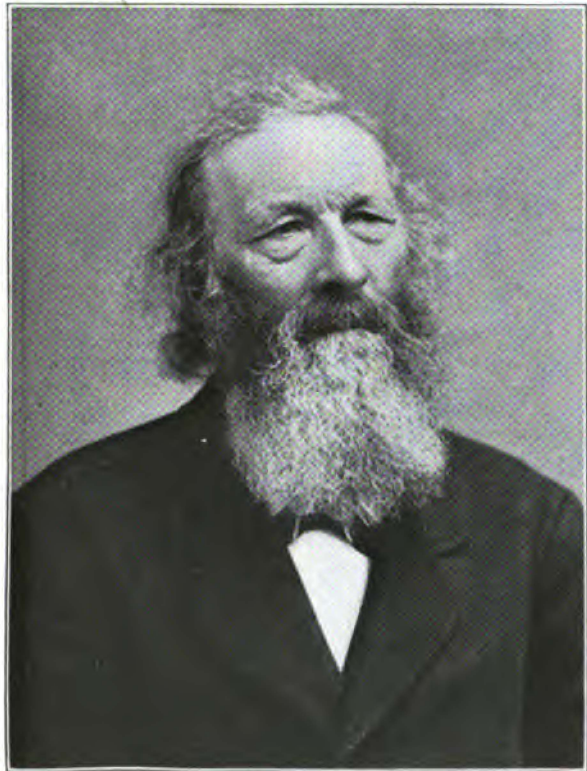


PETER S. BRINKERHOFF

(In the California Gold Mines 1853.)

VII-79. Peter S. Brinkerhoff, first son of Henry R. Brinkerhoff, was born in Cayuga county, N. Y., March 25, 1815, at the old homestead on the east side of Owasco lake at Brinkerhoff's Point. His early years were spent on the farm, which

contained 138 acres. Being the oldest child of a large family, and his father being absent much on public business, the labor and management of the farm early devolved upon him. At the age of 20 years he was elected captain of a local militia company, and was a prominent figure at the "general training" common in those days. He was of large stature—six feet four inches, and 220 pounds average weight. In March, 1837, his father concluded to go west, and Peter accompanied him in the search for a new home. They tarried a few days at Mansfield, O., to visit their kindred, and finally located near Plymouth, 20 miles north of Mansfield, buying a farm of 200 acres of Henry Barney. Peter remained on the purchase, while his father went back to Owasco for the family, who came the next year, journeying to Buffalo in their wagons, thence to Huron, O., by boat, thence to Plymouth, O., 40 miles south, by their wagons. Most of the new farm was covered by heavy timber, and Peter, then a stalwart man, fell to clearing it up. He had acquired a good common school education, and during the following winters he taught school in Plymouth and New Haven, which were two miles apart, for several winter terms. On April 30, 1842, he married Miss Persis Sophia Coe, who was born in New Haven, September 14, 1822. She was a writer of considerable local reputation, and wrote a volume of poems on various subjects. Her parents, Luther Coe, born in Granville, Mass., Dec. 3, 1781, and Sophia Barney (daughter of Henry Barney) born Nov. 21, 1787, in Kingston, Penn., came to Huron county, O., in 1816. In the fall of 1842 Peter bought and moved on a farm of 80 acres, a short distance south of Plymouth. He built a good log house, and cleared up a portion of the land. On this farm were born their five children—Henry Luther, Alice, Roeliff Coe, Emma and Henry Rouse. About the time of their marriage Peter and Persis both joined the First Presbyterian church at Plymouth during the ministry of Rev. Enoch Conger. In 1852 he sold the farm and moved into Plymouth and bought a comfortable home. In Jan. 1853, being lured by the gold excitement on the Pacific Coast, he joined a party of neighbors going to California via Panama. On reaching California he went to the gold diggings 30 miles above Sacramento. Not liking mining, he returned in a few weeks to San Francisco and took up government land across the bay, near Sausalito, and went to farming. The necessities of the multitudes who flocked to the mines gave a fabulous value to farm products and made farming nearly as profitable as mining. In the winter of 1854



PETER SWARTWOUT BRINKERHOFF

At Los Angeles, in 1890.

his wife Persis was taken ill at Plymouth, and although he returned home with all possible speed as soon as he learned of her illness, she died on Jan. 3, 1855, before he could reach her. After settling up his business affairs and finding suitable homes for his children he returned to Sausalito, Cal. The next year he removed to Southern California and bought a farm of 80 acres near Santa Barbara. In November, 1858, he married Miss Elizabeth Jane Nidever, who was born in Washington county, Ark., of a family of sturdy pioneers who crossed the plains and settled at Santa Barbara in 1854. Their children were John Nidever, George Franklin, Mary, David Hardenberg, Abram, Sarah, Mabel and Edward. In October, 1863, he returned to Ohio for the children left there in 1855, and brought them out to Santa Barbara, via Panama. Upon the organization of the First Congregational church in 1866 at Santa Barbara, which was the first Protestant organization in Southern California, himself, wife and two eldest children, Alice and Roelif, became charter members. In 1868, believing that his growing children needed better advantages than California then afforded, he decided to return East, and on Feb. 3 the family (except Alice, who had married) embarked for the East via Panama, and settled at Hillsdale, Mich., on a farm. In 1871 he removed to Fort Scott, Kansas, where his wife Elizabeth died in January, 1872. The following year he returned to Santa Barbara, Cal. In 1880 he removed to Compton, near Los Angeles, and purchased a fine farm of 165 acres, where he resided until his death, which occurred June 16, 1891. He lived a consistent Christian life, assisting to his utmost ability in every good word and work and was respected by all who knew him. During his last years he derived great satisfaction in telling his neighbors and friends that he had raised five sons to manhood's estate, and none of them used tobacco or alcoholic liquors in any form. They are all above the average size, about six feet tall and upwards. He was very fond of music, and during his early years was a good singer and flute player.

During his early experience in California he became conspicuous as the man who carried no firearms, for it was very rare to see a man without one or more revolvers in his belt, at that time. He often remarked that his unusual size and strength kept him out of trouble.



MARIA BRINKERHOFF HARDENBERG

VII-80. Maria Brinkerhoff, first daughter of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., March 25, 1817. She attended the district school at Owasco, and a ladies' boarding school near Auburn, called Harmony Retreat. There she learned French, German and the English branches. Holland Dutch she learned in childhood. She was an excellent student, was fond of the languages, history and botany, was naturally eloquent in speech, and a ready writer. In 1838 she removed with her father's family to Plymouth, O. Not long after that she returned to Orange county, N. Y., (her mother's early home) to visit relatives, and while there taught a district school.

She there became acquainted with David Hardenberg of New Palz, Ulster county, N. Y., who was born June 3, 1809, of French Huguenot and Dutch ancestry, and was married to him at her home in Plymouth, O., October 5, 1840. He was a civil engineer of high repute, and was employed successively by the Erie Canal Co., N. Y., and Erie R'y Co., Ohio and Mississippi R'y Co., and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul R'y Co., in surveying and locating their lines. They resided successively in New York, Ohio, Indiana and Wisconsin, and his business kept his family much of the time on the frontier. In 1855 they purchased a farm in Bear Valley, Richland county, Wis., which was then a wilderness, inhabited mostly by Indians and rattlesnakes. The family reached their new home in June, after a stage and wagon ride of 40 miles from the nearest lake port. They accepted the hospitality of a neighbor until they could erect a comfortable log house, where friends and acquaintances from the East, ministers and colporteurs, were always welcome. At their home religious services were regularly held until a school house was built. The first night after their arrival at Bear Valley Mrs. H. slept upon a bed of prairie hay, climbing a ladder with her babe to the "loft" of a log house. In the year 1866 they removed to the village of Lone Rock, Wis., where they have since resided. On Oct. 5, 1890, their golden wedding occurred, which was a most enjoyable event to their numerous friends and relatives. On Jan. 13, 1892 she departed this life in the triumphs of the Christian faith. Her children are Henry B., deceased; Mary Gertrude, deceased.

Mrs. Gertrude Stewart, who resides at Richland Centre, Wis. She has one child, Ralph W., born in 1878. Her husband, John Stewart, died in 1882. Ralph graduated at the State University of Madison in the class of '99. He holds a good position with the Chicago & Alton R. R.

Charles D., deceased.

Mrs. Sarah Jane Seger, wife of George F. Seger, Capitalist, residing in Riverside, California. She has six children—Mary Isabel, deceased; Georgia Hope, Sarah Helen, Josephine Maria, Gertrude Hardenberg, and Dorothy. Her marriage to Mr. Seger occurred Oct. 29, 1874.

Mrs. Isabel Demarest Miller, wife of Frank A. Miller, proprietor of the Hotel Glenwood, Riverside, Cal. She has one child, Allis Mabel, born April 19, 1882. Her wedding occurred June 8, 1880. On Monday, April 28, 1902, Mr. Miller broke

ground for the "New Glenwood" tourist hotel, to cost \$150,000 and to be completed January 1, 1903.

David, residing in Cocorit, Mexico. He is Superintendent for the Sonora & Sinaloa Land and Irrigating Company. Unmarried.

Rose Helen, unmarried, residing in Los Angeles, Cal., and Principal of the Sentous Street school, with twelve teachers. She is known as one of the best educators in the State.

Henrietta Cornelia, unmarried, residing in Richland Centre, Wis., and a very successful music teacher.

Mr. Hardenberg died just one year after his wife's demise.



ISABELLA HARDENBERGH MILLER
Born October 19, 1853. Died July 21, 1908



GLENWOOD MISSION INN

RIVERSIDE, CAL.

In Memoriam

As the twilight shadows fell, the funeral of Mrs. Frank A. Miller was held yesterday in the parlors of the Glenwood Mission Inn, and she was laid to rest in Evergreen cemetery. The love which she had inspired in all who had the privilege of knowing her and the far-reaching influence of her life were evidenced by the multitude of floral offerings. These completely lined the parlor and transformed it into a beautiful tropical forest. Rare floral pieces came from friends in Los Angeles and other parts of Southern California, together with innumerable tributes from Riverside friends. The flowers typical of the sweetness and beauty of Mrs. Miller's life, entirely hid the casket, the dais was banked with them and the walls and pillars of the room were concealed under the mass of bloom. The tribute from the employees of the Glenwood was a great bell of white carnations, which hung above the casket.

The service was sympathetic and beautiful, carrying out the idea of a "funeral for the living." Mrs. Priestley Hall sang "Gallilee," and Mrs. Hall and Walter Bliss of Lake Tahoe sang "Help Us to Help Each Other, Lord," both being favorite hymns of Mr. and Mrs. Miller.

Appropriate scripture passages were read by Dr. J. H. McLaren, pastor of the First Congregational church, and a feeling tribute to Mrs. Miller was paid by Rev. Edward F. Goff of Claremont, a close friend of the family and for many years Mrs. Miller's pastor. His words found an answering chord in every heart. He said:

"At this quiet hour we wait together for a little, to think about one who was dear to most of us. We do not think often enough of the noble and beautiful qualities in those that we love. We walk side by side with them, failing to realize how much their lives mean to us and to others until we are robbed of their earthly companionship, and then, when we can have them no longer with us, we wake up to a sense of their real worth.

"Most of us feel that in the death of Mrs. Miller we have lost a true friend—one who was unselfish, sympathetic, noble and whom we could not know without being made better. In her character we saw gentleness and strength combined. She was modest and retiring, and yet she was firm in purpose and patient and persistent in endeavor. She gave her heart to Christ in early life, and she never lost her high ideals or lowered her standards. She did not value material things greatly. Truth, purity, honor, beauty—the things that make for grandeur of character—were the things that appealed to her. Through all the activities of life in the semipublic place she had to fill she never allowed her ennobling vision to become blurred. She could be satisfied with nothing but the noblest and the best.

"We all know how tender-hearted and kind she was. She could not bear to see or even to know of suffering without making an effort to relieve it. The Glenwood pets sought her caress and took food from her hand. No guest, and especially no employe of the hotel, could be in trouble of any kind without finding in her a sympathetic helper. She liked to think of the inmates of her house as members of one family, and it greatly distressed her if there was any discord or bitterness among them. She would have the law of love, of kindness, of forbearance rule in all the place. If she had her way not only the hotel, but earth would be a paradise.

"I will try to tell you what I think greatly contributed to make Mrs. Miller the woman that she was. We think that home life is impossible in a hotel; but here in this Inn and in the old Glenwood tavern there was a home life that was pure, sweet and beautiful. It was the custom for Mr. and Mrs. Miller to spend a little time each day and a longer time each Sunday in sacred companionship. At such times they would read together some helpful book, or study some work of art, or discuss the beautiful thoughts of some great writer, or dwell upon the motives and aspirations of the religion of Jesus Christ. From those blessed communings there came strength and development of noble character and equipment for the work of life. There came also an education and culture; an ability to appreciate and enjoy all beautiful things.

"A distinguished man said to me: 'I have gone throughout this hotel looking for something to criticize—a flaw, a fault in taste—and I have been unable to find one.' Another said, 'Mr. and Mrs. Miller must have traveled extensively in old lands to acquire the taste that could produce such a work.' They had not then crossed the ocean. They had traveled but little in their own land; but for years they had been drinking together thoughts of strength and beauty from great minds in literature and art, and this hotel with all that is aesthetic and religious and homelike about it; with the thoughts that breathe through its furnishings and adornments and mottoes, is their child and bears in chaste and simple strength and beauty the stamp of their characters.

"Many couples—husbands and wives—miss the sweetest joy of companionship, miss the strength and inspiration they might receive from each other for life's work because they do not take time to hold fellowship together with great minds and great works. Better have less time for worldly gain and more time for soul communion with loved ones.

"Mrs. Miller has entered into her blissful heavenly home. Her life was Christlike. She walked in her Savior's footsteps and she dwells in her Savior's presence. We will no longer see her in bodily form, but she will still be with us. The Bible says of a certain man who led a good life, 'He being dead yet speaketh.' In the homelike atmosphere of this hotel; in the spirit of kindness that pervades it; in its Sunday evening services of song; in a thousand things to which her touch has given grace and beauty she will live and make her influence felt. More than this, I believe she will be consciously here, and that her husband and daughter will oftentimes feel her presence and hear her voice and be helped to trust in her Savior and to achieve her loftiest ideals for them."

The pall bearers were F. A. Miller, Ed. E. Miller, Oliver Newman, David Hardenbergh, Frank C. O'Kelly and Quong Quang, the faithful Chinese chef of the Mission Inn, who has always been a great admirer of Mrs. Miller, and to whom she has been a great help.

At the cemetery, when the casket had been laid upon the grave, each of the employees of the hotel filed past and deposited a floral tribute until the casket was piled high with the loving tributes of those who have made up the household over which Mrs. Miller presided.

The burial service was recited by Rev. E. F. Goff, and the ceremony was closed with prayer by Dr. McLaren.

At the same hour at which the funeral was held, the Glenwood employees who are now at Tahoe Tavern, conducted a memorial service at that place as a tribute of their love for Mrs. Miller.

A Funeral for the Living

All that was mortal of Mrs. Frank A. Miller was laid at rest under the drooping pepper boughs and amid the flowers and semi-tropical shrubs of Evergreen cemetery last evening, as the sun was sinking in a burst of brilliant coloring behind old Rubidoux mountain. Mrs. Miller has passed out of this world and gone the way which all of us must go. She has left behind her many anguishing hearts, as others of us may do, though perhaps none of us so many. The way this good woman has gone, and the way we have been left, is the old, old story. Until now, and yet a little longer, until we know more and can see further, the grave must be a place of parting, for a time at least. But in the funeral ceremony for this much beloved Riversider there was a feature which was new, and therein we find a lesson.

The funeral of Mrs. Frank A. Miller was a funeral for the living and not for the dead. Every feature of the service was planned with this idea in view. What was said or sung was designed for the comfort of those who remain and mourn, and to strengthen and inspire and support those who are left with the world's work to do. The sole endeavor, at this closing scene, was to make the most of a precious, helpful life and to bear home to those who have known her and lived near to her the full force of her life examples.

Within a generation there has been a revolution in the form of services for the dead, as we have been accustomed to say. All, or nearly all, of the old harrowing features have been eliminated and we have been growing nearer to the ideals of this service which was held at the sunset hour yesterday. And it is rational. Funerals are for the living. If we have not done for the dead while they were yet in flesh, it is too late; let the matter pass at the grave. Day by day we should live for those who are to die; and live so that we may die for those who are to live. Funerals are for the living.

We have never seen more heroic conduct in any man than this great Riversider of ours has shown in his hour of bereavement. Few people ever suffer such a staggering blow as this man has experienced in the loss of his wife, and accordingly, very few can realize what fortitude it has required for him to bear up through all the trying ordeal. He has lived for the dead, and is living for the living; and, praise God, for the greater glory of Riverside, the courage and force and determination which has already surmounted almost insurmountable things is still intact.—Riverside Daily Enterprise, July 26, 1908.



JANE BRINKERHOFF

VII-81. Jane Brinkerhoff, second daughter of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1819. She received a thorough education in the English branches at the best schools in that vicinity, and after removing to Plymouth, O., in 1838, she taught school several years in Plymouth and New Haven. On Nov. 18, 1843, she was united in marriage to Josiah Brinkerhoff, her second cousin, and a prosperous farmer near Plymouth, and although having no children of her own, she was a mother to many orphans among her kindred, taking them into her own home and raising them to positions of usefulness and

honor in the church and in society. The greater portion of her life and property was spent in adorning her early profession of the Christian faith in the Presbyterian church, and although of a retiring disposition, she was known as a refined and devoted Christian woman. In 1856 they sold their farm and thereafter resided in Plymouth, where they continued to be known as honorable and prominent members of society and pillars of the church until their death. She died Aug. 29, 1890. Her husband, Josiah, died July 18, 1889. He was President of the Plymouth First National Bank for many years.



CORNELIA BRINKERHOFF BEVIER

VII-82. Cornelia Brinkerhoff, third daughter of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., Oct. 17, 1820. She received a thorough English education in the best schools in that vicinity, and removed with the family to Plymouth, O., in 1838. Being naturally of a quiet disposition, she was, in her earlier years, her mother's main stay in the home, and these priceless home-making qualities shone out more brilliantly in her later life. On March 8, 1845 she was united in marriage to Caleb Bevier, one of the most worthy and prosperous farmers of Richland county. Although beginning with very moderate means, they

became in a few years by prudence and thrift the possessors of a fine farm of 240 acres and a delightful home near Plymouth. She, with her husband, early united with the Presbyterian church of that place, and together with their large family were its most earnest and liberal supporters. She died on June 22, 1880, leaving a most affectionate and devoted family, and a large circle of friends. Her children are Martha, Mary, Henry Andries, and Sarah, all unmarried, and living on the home farm, five miles south of Plymouth.

Jackson, who married Nancy Neal Seppo, March 9, 1881, and lives on his own farm, three miles south of Plymouth. Their children are Cornelia, Frank, (deceased), and Nellie Margaret.

Roelif C., who married Mary J. Wilson, March 8, 1882, and lives on his own farm near the old home. Their children are Grace Irene, Warren Wilson, Florence Belle, Ralph Caleb, William Brinkerhoff and Chester H.

Abram and Helen, deceased.

Isabella, is Professor of Chemistry and Domestic Science in the Illinois State University, at Champaign, Ill.

Their father Caleb Bevier, died at his home on January 20, 1893. He was born at Owasco, New York, June 12, 1820.



DAVID HARDENBERG BRINKERHOFF

VII-83. David H. Brinkerhoff, second son of Henry R., was born at Owasco, Cayuga county, N. Y., Dec. 5, 1822. During his early years he worked on his father's farm in summer and attended school in winter. In 1838 he removed with the family to Ohio. In 1839 he returned to New York and attended the school at Aurora and Auburn. In 1843 he commenced the study of medicine, and subsequently graduated from the Willoughby University at Lake county, O., and also graduated from the Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery. He then began the practice of medicine and continued it until 1862, when he enlisted in the U. S. Army and was ap-

pointed First Assistant Surgeon of the 103d Ohio Volunteer Infantry. During the first year of service he was with his regiment. During the second year he was chief medical officer of the Second Brigade, Third Division, 23d Army Corps. In 1864 he was appointed senior surgeon with the rank of Major. After the capture of Atlanta, he was appointed and served on the staff of Major Gen. Schofield with the rank of Assistant Medical Director of the 23d Army Corps. He was mustered out of service at Raleigh, N. C., in June, 1865, with the highest testimonials of efficiency from the medical department of the army and from Gen. Schofield. The following are some of the testimonials:

Headquarters 2d Brigade, 3d Division 23d Army Corps,

Greensboro, N. C., June 5, 1865.

Having been associated with Surgeon D. H. Brinkerhoff of the 103d Regiment, O. V. I., during a considerable portion of our military career, we take great pleasure in assuring him, as we are about to separate, that he has our highest regard as a worthy member of our profession. As a medical officer we know him to have discharged his duties faithfully and with ability, and believe him to be worthy of any confidence that may be reposed in him.

S. S. Burrows, Surgeon 177th Regiment, O. V. I.,
And Chief Medical Officer, 2d Brig., 3d Div., 23d Army Corps.

G. A. Callamore, Chief Surgeon, 3d Div., 23d Army Corps.

C. S. Fink, Surg'n U. S. V. and Med. Dir. 23d Army Corps.

Headquarters, Army of Ohio,

Medical Director's Office, Raleigh, N. C., June 12, 1865.

It affords me much pleasure to endorse the above testimonial. Surgeon Brinkerhoff has been attached to these headquarters for several months and has always performed his duties well.

Edward Shippen, Surgeon U. S. V., and Medical Director.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 24, 1865.

To whom it may concern:

Having known Surgeon D. H. Brinkerhoff of the 103d O. V. I., long and intimately, I take great pleasure in bearing my testimony to his fine qualities as a gentleman, and his excellent abilities as a physician and surgeon. Faithful in the performance of his duties, kind and affable in his manner, and firm in his adherence to what he deems right, he has won the love and respect of both the officers and men of his regiment, and as we are called upon to separate, the best wishes of all go with him. I would cheerfully recommend the Doctor to all whose acquaintance he may form, and can safely affirm that you will find him worthy of your consideration and respect.

R. B. Hayes, Lieut. Col. 103d Regiment, O. V. I.

State of Ohio, Executive Department,

Columbus, July 17, 1867.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War—

Sir: In support of the application of Dr. D. H. Brinkerhoff, (late surgeon of 103d Ohio Vols.) for appointment in the Regular Army, I have the honor to state that the 103d Ohio was in my command during Dr. B's connection with it, in 1863-4-5, and that I know Dr. B. to have been more than ordinarily efficient in the performance of his duties. His regiment maintained an unusually good sanitary condition, his administrative and routine duties were all properly performed, his surgical and medical duties were never omitted, and he was meritoriously noticeable in being at the front with his command in times of imminent danger. His personal and social qualities are also of a high order, and I therefore take pleasure in saying that in all the qualities of which a military commander can judge he appeared to me pre-eminently well qualified and competent. I therefore take great pleasure in strongly recommending him.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

J. D. Cox, Governor.

Headquarters First Military District,

Richmond, Va., Aug. 5, 1867.

I take pleasure in fully endorsing the above testimony of General Cox. Surgeon Brinkerhoff served under my immediate observation during the last year of the war, and I have no hesitation in recommending him for appointment in the army.

J. M. Schofield, Major Gen.

After the war Dr. Brinkerhoff resumed the practice of medicine and located at Fremont, Ohio, where he built up a large and lucrative practice. He was an active member of various medical associations and in 1882 was elected President of the North-Western Ohio Medical Association.

On November 10, 1846, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Brown, daughter of Hiram Brown, at Willoughby, Ohio. He began the practice of medicine in Rome, Ohio, and afterwards removed to Tippecanoe, Miami county, thence to Mansfield, Richland county, and thence to Willoughby, Lake county, where he enlisted in 1862 in the Civil War. He was large of stature, being six feet, three inches tall. He and his wife were ever worthy and active members of the Methodist church.

She died January 16, 1898. She was born Jan. 13, 1828. He died October 5, 1899, at his home in Fremont. Their children are Welthy Ward, Sarah Isabella, Hannah, Hiram Brown, Emma Jane, and Mary H.

ABRAHAM C. BRINKERHOFF

VII-84. Abraham Courtright Brinkerhoff, third son of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., July 11, 1825, and removed with his father's family to Plymouth, O., in 1838. During boyhood his upright and generous traits of character were very noticeable, as was also his aptitude for acquiring education. In point of business tact and sound judgment he had few equals. He attended school for some time at Plymouth, then attended the Ashland Academy, where he was one of the brightest pupils in the institution. On his return from Ashland he clerked for a time in the stores of Hardenberg & Benson, and Wm. Drennan, in Plymouth, and afterward taught school with his brother David at New Haven. In the spring of 1845 he went to Phelps, N. Y., returning to Plymouth in the fall, and going to Kentucky, where he taught school during the winter. In the spring of 1846 he went to New York and entered the employ of Bergeley & Co., large dealers in general merchandise at Oaks Corners, Ontario county. In 1852 he formed a partnership with John Gibson at Phelps, N. Y., in the business of Malting and Distilling, which was very profitable for a number of years. On June 11, 1855 he married Miss Eliza Swartwout, daughter of Samuel Swartwout, Esq., of Marshall, Mich. During the financial panic of 1857-8, he met with severe reverses of fortune, and in 1866 he removed with his family to Willoughby, O. In 1868 he removed to Marshall, Mich., and engaged with marked success in the manufacture of barley malt. His death occurred at Marshall, on August 5, 1870, leaving three children—Samuel, Frank and Mary Cornelia. His wife Eliza died at Marshall on Oct. 17, 1876.

NOTE—The writer greatly regrets that no portrait of A. C. Brinkerhoff could be found, that was satisfactory to his children, for insertion in this book.

VII-85. Roelif Brinkerhoff, fourth son of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., April 18, 1827. Died Aug. 11, 1846 at the family home near Plymouth.

VII-86. Martha Brinkerhoff, fourth daughter of Henry R., was born April 23, 1829. Died July 8, 1843 at the family home near Plymouth.



SARAH BRINKERHOFF SMITH

VII—87. Sarah Brinkerhoff, fifth daughter of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1831. Her first distinct recollections were the burning of the family home on the night of Feb. 28, 1837, of being carried from her bed in the burning building, placed in a sleigh on a feather bed, with a little sister older and one younger, covered warmly with the bed clothes, and driven rapidly to the house of her uncle, Simeon Swartwout. Then of the long journey to Ohio, and the new home near Plymouth, where her happy childhood was spent without a care. She was given the best education obtainable in the schools of that vicinity, and then taught school most

of the time until her marriage to Dr. Geo. E. Smith, which occurred Sept. 10, 1862, at the residence of J. Brinkerhoff, Esq., in Plymouth, by Rev. E. Conger. They resided at Willoughby, O., until December of that year, when Dr. Smith entered the army as first assistant surgeon of the 76th O. V. I., First Division, 15th Army Corps, under Gen. Sherman, and joined his regiment at the battle of Arkansas Post. Finding Dr. Pierce, the chief surgeon, disabled, Dr. Smith performed the duties of both for several months, until overcome by hard work and malarial fever, which he contracted in the siege of Vicksburg, he became very ill and was sent to the officers hospital at Memphis, Tenn.- Mrs. Smith determined to go to him at once. At Columbus, O., she sought Gov. Tod to procure the necessary passes to the front, but he was out of the city. She then sought and found the State Adj. General and told him her mission. He could give her passes only to Cairo, but said if she could find the Chief of the Sanitary Department at Cincinnati he might be able to send her through. On reaching Cincinnati she was unable to find the chief officer, but fortunately on her way there she made the acquaintance of a lady who was an army nurse, with passes from Secretary of War Stanton, to Memphis and Vicksburg, who rendered her timely aid at Cairo in securing necessary passes to the front. On reaching the hospital at Memphis the Medical Director told her there was no time to lose in getting her sick husband out of that region. She immediately secured passage by boat to Cincinnati, and through tireless watchings and labors she brought her husband home and nursed him back to life. Being unable to return to duty in the South, Dr. Smith was in December, 1863, appointed Examining Surgeon of the recruiting post at Hillsdale, Mich., where, after the war, he continued to reside for many years in the successful practice of medicine. Here Mrs. Smith's aged mother, Mrs. General Brinkerhoff, came to live with her and received every care and attention that an affectionate daughter could bestow, for nearly twenty years, until the day of her death. In 1875 the family removed to Fremont, O., where a good business and a large circle of warm friends attested their sterling worth. In the fall of 1885 Mrs. Smith's falling health required a change of climate, and she spent the following winter in Southern California with her brother Peter, near Los Angeles, and returned to Ohio in May, 1886, with a new lease of life. In 1890 the family removed to Oberlin, O., where they now reside. Mrs. Smith, Dr. Smith and their children are all

members and earnest workers in the Congregational church and its various benevolent societies. Her children are Isabella Seymour, Roelif Brinkerhoff, Alice Gertrude and Josephine McMillan, all living at Oberlin, except Roelif, who is General Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association at Detroit, Michigan, and was elected to that responsible position on January 1, 1900, after several years' service as assistant secretary.

As Secretary he will look after the welfare of 2,400 young men who make up the membership of the Detroit society, and will superintend the expenditure of \$25,000 per year, take care of \$150,000 worth of property, have general charge of 23 employees, oversee and keep up the interest in 25 religious meetings for young men per week; run an educational department of 20 different classes, comprising 200 young men and 10 instructors; oversee a gymnasium that is attended by 800 young men; conduct two association courses, comprising public entertainments; run an employment bureau and a Christian boarding house directory.

Isabella is assistant Professor of Botany in Oberlin College.

Gertrude was united in marriage to Mr. Arthur M. Loveland on Wednesday, June 27, 1898, at Oberlin. Mr. Loveland is cashier of the Oberlin Bank. Gertrude has one child, Roelif Arthur, born September, 1899.

Josephine graduated from Oberlin College in June, 1900, and is fitting herself for teaching.

NOTE—The writer hereby acknowledges his indebtedness to Mrs. Dr. Smith, the last surviving member of the family of Gen. Henry R. Brinkerhoff, for valuable aid in writing this family history.



hoff, in Tippecanoe, Miami county, O. She died Feb. 8, 1861, at Willoughby, leaving one child, Ella, who is now Mrs. Geo. Cleveland, and resides at Constantia, Delaware county, O. Her marriage to Mr. Cleveland occurred October 28, 1880, at the M. E. church, Willoughby, Ohio, Rev. Louis Paine officiating. Her children are Charles Joel, born December 17, 1881, at Constantia; Anna Belle, born December 3, 1885, at Willoughby, O.; Frank Watson, born April 18, 1891, at Constantia, O.



SIMEON S. BRINKERHOFF

VII-89. Simeon Swartwout Brinkerhoff, fifth son of Henry R., was born at Owasco, N. Y., April 15, 1837, at the home of his uncle Simeon Swartwout, where the family of Henry R.,

was temporarily housed after the burning of their home. He removed to Plymouth, O., with his parents when an infant. He was educated in the Carlisle Academy, and the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware. He then studied law with Messrs. Russell and Tinker, at Painsville, O. He was a large man, being six feet, two inches high. He enlisted in the State militia April 16, 1861, and was mustered into Company D, Seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry, May 2, 1861. He served two and one-half years on detached duty, and when he left the service in November, 1865, it was with the rank of Major. In 1866 he resumed the practice of law at Kirksville, Adair county, Mo. In November, 1867, he removed to Kansas and settled in Osage Mission, but the next spring he removed to Fort Scott, the county seat of Bourbon county, where he continued the practice of law. He served as Police Judge three terms, and as County Attorney two terms, and for the last term he was nominated by acclamation. On Feb. 20, 1872, he married Miss Dana A. Gordon, formerly of Willoughby, Ohio. They had five children—Helen Gertrude, Henry Gordon, Della, Lizzie M., and Simeon Blake. His wife died at Fort Scott on May 26, 1881, aged 38 years.

In 1882 he married Mrs. Susan Martling. They had one child, Orlando Bertrum.

Simeon S., was accidentally killed in October, 1883. He was attending the Bourbon County Fair at Fort Scott on October 3, and was standing and chatting with a group of friends. In a distant portion of the fair grounds a couple of drunken rowdies began quarrelling and shooting at each other, and a stray bullet struck Major Brinkerhoff in the side. The best medical skill could not save his life and he died at his home on October 6, 1883.

The Bourbon County Bar on Tuesday, October 9, passed the following resolutions:

Whereas, the untimely death of our brother in the profession of the law, S. S. Brinkerhoff, has called the members of this bar together, in order that we may pay a tribute of respect to his memory, and express the sorrow of our bereavement for the loss of one of our brethren, therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of S. S. Brinkerhoff, the Bar of Bourbon County has lost one of its most respected, energetic and conscientious members, the legal profession a hard working, painstaking and able lawyer, and the community a worthy and honored citizen.

Resolved, That during the many years of his practice at

this Bar, we have naught but words of praise for his uniformly honorable and courteous conduct towards his professional brethren in the many legal contests in which a lawyer is engaged.

Resolved, That in the death of our brother this community has lost a brave, courageous and warm-hearted citizen, a genial gentleman, a kind neighbor, and his bereaved family an indulgent father.

Resolved, That the members of the Bar meet at the office of J. D. McCleverty at 1:30 p. m. today, and from there proceed in a body to attend the funeral.

FAMILY OF PETER S. BRINKERHOFF

VIII-90. Henry Luther Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born at Plymouth, O., April 9, 1843. Died August 2, 1845.

VIII-91. Alice Brinkerhoff, daughter of Peter S., was born at Plymouth, O., Feb. 3, 1845. Her early years were passed at the home farm and (after the death of her mother) in the home of her uncle, A. C. Brinkerhoff, at Phelps, N. Y. She received a good education in the English branches at the Phelps High School. She went to Santa Barbara, California, with the family in 1863, and taught school there for several years. Upon the organization of the First Congregational church there in 1866 she became one of the charter members, and has continued an active supporter and a leader in every good work. On Jan. 28, 1868, she was united in marriage to David A. Nidever, a farmer of sterling worth, who crossed the plains to California in 1854. To him was due the calling here of the minister, (Rev. Joseph A. Johnson), who gathered the congregation and formed the society, out of which grew the first Congregational church of Santa Barbara. He was one of the first members of the church at Santa Barbara, and one of its deacons. He died Nov. 13, 1870. She was again married on July 14, 1878, to C. K. Lawton, a thrifty farmer. They still reside at Santa Barbara, where they own a valuable property. She has two sons, David A. Nidever, born January 13, 1870, and Clair H. Lawton, born June 30, 1879. On October 9, 1901 David A. Nidever was united in marriage to Miss Calla Simon of Fresno, Cal. They reside at Santa Barbara.

VIII-92. Roelif Coe Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born at Plymouth, O., Nov. 20, 1845. His early years were spent on the home farm and (after the death of his mother) in the

home of his uncle, A. C. Brinkerhoff, at Phelps, N. Y. He received a liberal education at the Phelps High School and the Willoughby Seminary. He removed to Santa Barbara with the family in 1863. In 1866 he joined in the organization of the First Congregational church there, and was the youngest of the original 18 members. The next year he and his father hauled the stone for the foundation of the church building, which was the first Protestant edifice erected in Southern California. In 1868 he removed with the family to Hillsdale, Mich. In March, 1870, he went to Plymouth, O., and learned the tinsmith trade and acquired a thorough mechanical and business training in the hardware house of H. C. Breckenridge. In January, 1875, he engaged in the hardware business on his own account at Galena, Delaware county, O. Two years later he removed to the neighboring town of Sunbury, bought the hardware store there and combined the two stores. On October 30, 1876, he married Miss Alice M. Gregory of Plymouth, O., a granddaughter of Judge Ezra Stewart of New Haven. They joined in the organization of the First Presbyterian church in Sunbury in 1878, which he served as trustee and Sunday school superintendent. He also served the Ohio State Sunday school Union as District Secretary, in charge of the Thirteenth District, comprising Delaware and Licking counties, for two years—'79-'80. In May, 1885, he sold out his hardware business in Ohio and removed to Riverside, Cal., and purchased a 160-acre farm near that city, where they now reside and are active members of the First Congregational church. At the death of his father, in 1891, his grandfather's family Bible, a family treasure, was committed to his care. In 1897-'98 he served the city of Riverside two years as secretary and manager of the Riverside Organized Charities.

VIII-93. Emma Brinkerhoff, daughter of Peter S., was born at Plymouth, O., May 29, 1849. Died August 5, 1853.

VIII-94. Henry Kouse Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born at Plymouth, O., June 23, 1852. After the death of his mother, in 1855, his early years were spent in the home of Dr. D. H. Brinkerhoff of Willoughby, O., where he was loved and cared for as an own son. In 1863 he removed with the family to Santa Barbara, Cal. He worked on the home farm until 1868, when he removed with the family to Hillsdale, Mich. In 1871 he removed with the family to Fort Scott, Kansas, and in 1873 to Santa Barbara, Cal. He then engaged in sheep raising near Santa Paula. On Nov. 15, 1877, he married Mrs. Jessie Hill of Santa Paula. In 1878 he removed to

Strawberry Valley, Butte county, where he engaged in mining. In 1880 he returned to Santa Paula and engaged in farming. In 1890 he removed to New Jerusalem, Ventura county. He now lives near Somis, Ventura county, where he owns a farm of four hundred acres.

His children are:

Alvin Wesley, born October 4, 1882. Died Jan. 26, 1890, at New Jerusalem.

Gertrude, born October 11, 1885.

Forest Alvord, born October 14, 1888.

Henry Sprague, born June 27, 1891. Died April 26, 1898.

Howard Fred, born June 16, 1893.

Lawrence Edward, born August 20, 1896.

Julius G., born March 26, 1900.

VIII-95. John Nidever Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born at Santa Barbara, Cal., Sept. 3, 1859. His early years were spent on the home farm and in improving the meager advantages afforded the pioneers of that day. Southern California was at that time as thoroughly Mexican as Mexico is now. There was not then two dozen American families in the whole county. The population was mostly Spanish and Mexican and the prevailing customs, manners, society and religion were prescribed and administered by the Spanish Padres of the old Franciscan Missions, and the few Americans there were considered intruders. The Romish Padres presided at mass on Sabbath morning and at the bull fight on Sabbath afternoon. In some parts of the State vigilance committees were administering justice, and at Santa Barbara a company of soldiers from the regular army was stationed to preserve the peace. In 1856 the Americans established a district school, and ten years later organized a Protestant church, whose original membership of eighteen persons was mainly furnished by two families—Brinkerhoff and Nidever—and was bitterly opposed by the Romanists. Such were the "advantages" enjoyed by the younger Brinkerhoffs. In 1868 he removed with the family to Hillsdale, Mich., where he attended school, and in 1873 he returned to Santa Barbara. In 1880 he removed with his father to Compton, Cal. On June 2, 1885, he married Miss Rosa Davidson of Compton, and they settled on the home farm. In 1897 he sold his portion of the home farm at Compton and removed to Carpinteria, in Santa Barbara county, where he now resides on his farm. His children are:

Marion Peter, born May 9, 1886. Died May 30, 1887.

Elizabeth Jane, born Dec. 10, 1887. Died October 1, 1892.

Elmer Coldwell, born October 26, 1889.

Gertrude, born May 26, 1891.

Ray Fayette, born October 25, 1892.

Irving Nidever, born Aug. 12, 1895.

Edna, born December 12, 1896.

VIII-96. George Franklin Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born at Santa Barbara, Cal., October, 12, 1860. He went East with the family in 1868, and returned to California in 1873. He attended school in Hillsdale, Mich., and at Santa Barbara, and then studied mechanical engineering in which he became very proficient. On October 10, 1894, he married Miss Alice Rose Brunton of Kansas, and settled on 60 acres of the home farm at Compton, of which he has made a successful dairy farm.

VIII-97. Mary Brinkerhoff, daughter of Peter S., was born at Santa Barbara, Cal., Jan. 10, 1862. Died Nov. 23, 1862.

VIII-98. David Hardenberg Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born Oct. 7, 1864, at Santa Barbara, Cal. He removed to Michigan with the family in 1868; attended school at Hillsdale, and returned to California in 1873. He resides at Compton, Cal., on the home farm. He is a practical farmer and a prominent man in the community. On Nov. 12, 1891, he married Miss Dean Breckenridge of Vernondale, Cal. His children are:

Raymond Glenn, born September 10, 1892.

Jennie Verne and Marie Fern, twin girls, born July 14, 1895.

VIII-99. Abram Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born at Santa Barbara, Cal., April 2, 1866. He died April 23, 1868, at Hillsdale, Mich.

VIII-100. Sarah Brinkerhoff, daughter of Peter S., was born May 11, 1868, at Hillsdale, Mich. She removed with the family to Santa Barbara, Cal., in 1873, and to Compton, Cal., in 1880. On Oct. 17, 1892, she was united in marriage to Mr. Nathan L. Breckenridge, of Vernondale, Cal., at the residence of R. C. Brinkerhoff, in Riverside, by Rev. T. C. Hunt. Their home adjoins the old Brinkerhoff homestead near Compton. Her children are:

Loyd B., born Feb. 12, 1894. Died Jan. 8, 1896.

Bessie Opal, born January 29, 1896.

VIII-101. Mabel Brinkerhoff, daughter of Peter S., born and died Dec. 14, 1869 at Hillsdale, Mich.

VIII-102. Edward Brinkerhoff, son of Peter S., was born March 28, 1871, at Hillsdale, Mich. Died Feb. 5, 1873, at Fort Scott, Kan.

FAMILY OF DR. DAVID H. BRINKERHOFF.

VIII-103. Welthy Ward Brinkerhoff, daughter of David H., was born Sept. 18, 1847, at Rome, Richland county, O. On Jan. 30, 1868 she was united in marriage to Theo. H. Burr, at Willoughby, Lake county, O. They now reside in Willoughby. Her children are:

Helen B., born Sept. 12, 1871. Died December 23, 1871.

Robert B., born Feb. 6, 1873. He is now superintendent of the City Electrical plant and water works, at Willoughby, O.

David H., born October 26, 1879. Resides at Willoughby, O.

VIII-104. Sarah Isabella Brinkerhoff, daughter of David H., was born Sept. 10, 1852, at Tippecanoe, Miami county, O. On Sept. 18, 1878, she was united in marriage to H. G. Hackedorf at Fremont, O. They now reside at Cleveland, O. Her children are:

Nellis B., born August 2, 1879.

Noma B., born July 29, 1883.

Mary Sicille, born October 21, 1892.

VIII-105. Hannah Lydia Brinkerhoff, daughter of David H., was born April 30, 1855, at Tippecanoe, O., and died Feb. 27, 1856, at Willoughby, O.

VIII-106. Hiram Brown Brinkerhoff, son of David H., was born March 28, 1858, at Willoughby, O. He learned the printers trade in the office of the Fremont Journal, but afterward choose railroading as his vocation and learned railroad engineering. On his run from Bellvue, O., to Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 14, 1889, during exposure to a terrible storm, he was seized with a chill which developed into pneumonia, from which he died on February 20, at the family home in Fremont, O.

VIII-107. Emma Jane Brinkerhoff, daughter of David H., was born April 1, 1862, at Willoughby, O. On Feb. 20, 1884, she was united in marriage to Harry D. Garvin in Fremont, O. He died March 25, 1891. She now resides at Fremont. She has one child, Susan B. Garvin.

VIII-108. Mary M. Brinkerhoff, daughter of David H., was born April 25, 1869, at Willoughby, O. On Wednesday, July 6, 1892, at Fremont, O., she was united in marriage to Rev. Clarence M. Wilbur of Topeka, Kansas. He was at that time State secretary of the Kansas Y. M. C. A. About one year later he was sent by the Methodist church as a missionary to Central America, and on July 20, 1894, he died of a malignant

fever, after an illness of only three days. He left one child, Carlos B. Wilbur, who was born at Naranjo, Costa Rica.

Mrs. Mary Wilbur returned to her former home in Fremont, Ohio, and has since been very successful in kindergarten school work.

FAMILY OF ABRAHAM C. BRINKERHOFF

VIII-109. Samuel Brinkerhoff, son of Abraham C., was born at Phelps, N. Y., May 13, 1856. After his father's death in 1870 he attended school for three years at Hillsdale, Mich., and in the fall of 1873 he entered the employ of Messrs. Burr and Bates, druggists and grocers, at Willoughby, O., where he remained until 1876, when he removed to Fremont, O., and engaged in teaching school for the next two years. He then began the study of law in the office of Bartlett and Finefrock, prominent attorneys of Fremont, and was admitted to the Bar before the Supreme Court of Ohio on March 1, 1881, passing with credit a critical examination. In the spring of 1880 he was elected Justice of the Peace of the city of Fremont, for a term of three years. In 1881 he purchased an interest in a partnership engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements at Fremont. In the fall of that year the business was transferred to a corporation styled The Fremont Cultivator Company, of which he became secretary, and held that position until 1888, when he withdrew and formed a partnership with Mr. H. R. Finefrock, with whom he had formerly studied law. In the spring of 1882 he was the candidate of his party for the office of Mayor of Fremont and lacked but a few votes of election. On Dec. 14, 1882, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary B. Brush, daughter of Platt and Harriet M. Brush of Fremont. On July 27, 1891, he was called upon to mourn the loss of his devoted wife. The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church of Fremont, at their regular monthly meeting, Friday afternoon, August 14, made and approved the following tribute, presented by Mrs. M. J. Scoville, and the same was entered upon the minutes of the society: "Today we would add one more tribute to the memory of our friend and co-laborer, Mrs. Mary Brush Brinkerhoff. Following in the footsteps of her sainted mother, who was taken from us nearly two years ago, she quietly and unostentatiously assisted in every good work. She desired to know her Master's will, and knowing it, to do it. The many deeds of mercy and



THE LATE JUDGE SAMUEL BRINKERHOFF

Hon. Samuel Brinkerhoff, Fremont's prominent and wealthy citizen, died Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at Dr. Stamm's hospital in which institution he had been a patient following an operation for appendicitis performed eight days previous. On Saturday Judge Brinkerhoff's condition was pronounced as very encouraging. He was able to take a little nourishment and the watchers at his bedside believed the crisis had been passed. Serious evidences of his affliction of years standing, bronchial trouble, however, began to develop and this, combined with poor heart action, hastened the end. As is well known, Judge Brinkerhoff for many years had been a victim of bronchial trouble and to secure relief had submitted to many operations at the hands of the leading experts in both the east and west. One year he spent in the Colorado climate, which proved temporarily beneficial, but the ravages of the disease made

great inroads and weakened his constitution to such an extent that for several years Judge Brinkerhoff, physically, had been in a poor condition.

Samuel Brinkerhoff was a native of Phelps, N. Y., and was born May 12, 1856, being but a few months past 50 years of age at the time of his death. His father was Abraham Brinkerhoff, who died in 1870. Following his father's death in 1870, Samuel attended school for three years at Hillsdale, Mich., and in the fall of 1873 he entered the employ of Messrs. Burr & Bates, druggists and grocers, at Willoughby, O. He remained there three years and in 1876 he located in Fremont, where he had relatives, and for several years was a successful teacher in the district schools.

Desiring to adopt the law as a profession, Mr. Brinkerhoff began the study of law in the office of Attorneys Bartlett & Finefrock, and March 1, 1881, he was admitted to the bar before the supreme court of Ohio, passing with credit and honor a critical examination. In the spring of 1890 he was elected justice of the peace in the city of Fremont for a term of three years. Being of a thrifty nature, he had accumulated a little money and in 1881 he purchased an interest in a partnership engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements in this city. In the fall of the same year the business was transferred to a corporation styled the Fremont Cultivator Co., of which he became secretary and held that position until 1888, when he withdrew and formed a partnership with the late Henry R. Finefrock, with whom he had formerly studied, for the practice of law. The Fremont Cultivator Co. afterwards was moved to Bellevue, where it is now known as the Ohio Cultivator Co.

In the spring of 1882, he was the Democratic candidate for mayor of Fremont and lacked but a few votes of election. In 1896 he was elected probate judge of Sandusky county by a large plurality and four years later was similarly honored by the voters of this county.

Judge Brinkerhoff was twice married. His first wife was Miss Mary B. Brush, daughter of pioneer residents of Fremont, Platt and Harriet M. Brush. Their marriage occurred December 14, 1882, and on July 27, 1891, he was called upon to mourn the loss of his devoted wife. October 1, 1894, he was married a second time to Miss Mary Otis Miller, daughter of Anson H. and Nancy Miller, another prominent pioneer family of this section. These unions were happy ones. In addition to the bereaved widow, one sister, Miss Mary Brinkerhoff, and a brother, Frank Brinkerhoff, also survive.

Judge Brinkerhoff possessed a wonderful and untiring executive and business ability and a remarkable memory, all of which proved a valuable aid in his successful business and political career. As an organizer he had few if any equals. He was one of the city's foremost citizens, aggressive and energetic, and contributed much in the past fifteen or twenty years to the success, growth and prosperity of the place. It was due largely to his efforts that the new section of the city, known as the west State street addition, was transformed from the wide expanse of country farm lands, to the thickly populated, beautiful residence portion and busy manufacturing district it is today. He was the one who conceived the idea of bringing to Fremont the shear factory from Buchanan, Mich., now known as the Jackson Knife & Shear Co. Only a few months ago did he retire from this concern, disposing of his interests to Hon. A. H. Jackson.

At the time of his death Judge Brinkerhoff was first vice presi-

dent of the First National bank of Fremont; president of the Fremont Home Telephone Co.; president of the Pemiscott Land and Cooperage Co., of Caruthersville, Mo., which concern has immense timber land interests. Judge Brinkerhoff also owned vast oil interests, being associated with John M. Sherman and others in the oil fields of this and other counties. He also owned large real estate interests in different sections of the country, particularly in Toledo, where Bronson Place and Walbridge park additions were platted by him. He was also part owner of the Toledo block occupied by the Lamson store and a stockholder in the Fremont Yarn Co. Judge Brinkerhoff was a member of the Presbyterian church and one of the largest contributors to the church treasury.

Fraternally he was a member of the I. O. O. F. and encampment, the Knights of Pythias and the Modern Woodmen of America. He also was a member of the Holland society of New York City.

The funeral services will be held at the residence on Court street, Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Rev. Frank Roudenbush, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, officiating. Interment in Oakwood. — Fremont, Ohio, Daily News, Aug. 7, 1906.

BAR ASSOCIATION MEMORIAL

The Sandusky County Bar association Saturday morning took suitable action regarding the recent death of Judge Samuel Brinkerhoff. At the informal meeting of the bar members held on Monday last a special memorial committee was named to prepare memorial resolutions. These were presented by the committee chairman, Hon. James Hunt, in open court, Judge Richards presiding, Saturday, and ordered made a part of the court records.

Following the reading of the resolutions by Mr. Hunt different members of the bar present addressed the court and association, the speakers paying high tribute to the life and life's works of the deceased.

Eloquent words were expressed by Thomas P. Dewey, Lester Wilson, H. C. DeRan and James Hunt.

Judge Richards also spoke feelingly as he made the entry directing the memorial recorded in the court journal.

The bar association's memorial is as follows:

Memorial on the Life and Character of Hon. Samuel Brinkerhoff: To the Honorable, the Court of Common Pleas of Sandusky County, Ohio:

By direction of the Bar Association of Sandusky county and in its behalf we present the following memorial and request that the same may be ordered spread upon the journal of the court.

Judge Samuel Brinkerhoff was born at Phelps, N. Y., May 13, 1856, and died in Fremont, Ohio, August 5, 1906. He received his education in the schools of his native state and at Hillsdale, Mich. He came to Fremont in 1876, and for some time was a teacher in the district schools of this county. He studied law in the office of Bartlett & Finefrock at Fremont, Ohio, and was by the supreme court of the state admitted to practice law on March 1, 1881. While engaged in the study of the law, he was, in the spring of 1889, elected a justice of the peace for the city of Fremont, which office he held for the term of three years. In 1888 he formed a partnership for the practice of law with the late Henry R. Finefrock, which partnership continued until the death of Mr. Finefrock in

1894. In 1896 he was elected probate judge of Sandusky county, and by such election and re-election served in that office until February 9, 1903.

He early evinced a taste and aptitude for large commercial enterprises and business transactions. He was largely interested in and actively connected with many large and important business enterprises in which his marked success secured to him the esteem and confidence of his associates as well as those with whom he dealt, and richly rewarded him financially. He was an energetic, tireless and industrious worker in every relation he bore to all of the many large enterprises with which he was connected, and it can be truly said of him that he always performed his part in each and every relation of life punctually, fully and without murmur or complaint.

He was a man of marked personality. Industry and punctuality were with him exceptional. They were prominent traits in his character amounting to settled habits. The purity of his life, his affability, and his personal character are stamped upon the community. His genial presence will be sadly missed and though in later years he was not actively engaged in the practice of the law, yet his professional brethren will miss him as much as will his business associates.

The familiar form of Judge Brinkerhoff has passed away. The useful life of this honored citizen, courteous gentleman and able lawyer has closed. He was a highly esteemed citizen of this city for more than a quarter of a century, and took an active and substantial part in everything looking to the growth, advancement and betterment of the community. As a man he was possessed of a high sense of obligation and personal responsibility. His manner of speech was plain, and to the point. He was of a cheerful and companionable disposition and bore with uncomplaining fortitude the physical maladies and infirmities that depleted his strength and ended his life. Though tenacious of his own opinions he was always courteous and deferential toward others, but if he regarded himself treated discourteously he resented it quickly and with vigor, but never harboring resentment of any kind.

He was a true friend as those who knew him best can testify. His deeds and manifestations of friendship were not of that vaunting or showy kind that humiliated the recipient or suggested remuneration, but they were of that quiet and unostentatious character that were early forgotten by the giver and long and pleasantly remembered by the recipient.

He lived a pure, upright and busy life. His home was the center of all his finer affections, and his devotion to it and those bound to him by ties of love and marital affection was only equaled by those other prominent features of his character that contributed so much to the marked success of his career.

He died in the very prime of his powers, but the lessons of his life remain and will continue to be to the young men of this community a shining example of what a good character, reinforced by perseverance, industry and integrity can attain.

JAMES HUNT.

JAMES H. FOWLER.

LESTER WILSON.

D. A. HEFFNER.

J. L. HART. Committee.

During the funeral hour the banks of the city and the court house offices were closed.

kindness which she has done will never be fully revealed until the last great day."

Samuel Brinkerhoff was again married on Wednesday, October 3, 1894, to Miss Mary Otis Miller at Fremont, O. They are prominent members of society and liberal and active members of the First Presbyterian church. In 1897 he was elected Probate Judge of Sandusky county, for a three-year term, and in 1900 he was again elected to the same office for a second term.

VIII-110. Frank Brinkerhoff, son of Abraham C., was born at Phelps, N. Y., August 18, 1859. In 1868 he removed with his father to Marshall, Mich., and succeeded to his father's business which he successfully carried on. He is an agreeable and popular gentleman, and has served two terms as alderman in the ward where he lived. In 1885 he married Miss Ricka Burkhardt of Burlington, Mich. He has two children—Mary Cornelia, born April 13, 1886, and Dora Eliza, born March 6, 1889, both at Marshall, Mich.

He enlisted in the U. S. Army for the war with Spain May 15, 1898, with the Alger Guards, at Benton Harbor, Mich., and was mustered into service on May 16, in Company I of the 33d Regt. Mich. Infantry, Captain Frank P. Graves, at Benton Harbor. His Company camped at Island Lake, Mich., a few days and then went into camp at Falls Church, Virginia, for a short time. Then they received orders to go to Cuba, and proceeded to Fortress Monroe and embarked on the transport Yale which made the trip in three days and landed two miles from Siboni, Cuba. He was in the first battle in the Spanish war at Aguadores on July 1, 1898, where Admiral Sampson's fleet first shelled the Spanish forts, and he was in the Infantry charge that captured the forts and entrenchments. After two months of severe service under the tropical sun, he left Cuba August 21, with his Company on the transport Harvard for Long Island, N. Y. From Long Island he went to Benton Harbor, Mich., reaching there Sept 3, and was on leave of absence until the following Jan. 6, 1899, when he was honorably discharged. He now resides at Benton Harbor, Mich. His health broke down in the Cuban campaign and he has never fully recovered.

VIII-111. Mary Cornelia Brinkerhoff, daughter of Abraham C., was born at Phelps, N. Y., Jan. 11, 1861. After the death of her father she removed to Plymouth, O., and resided with J. Brinkerhoff, Esq., and his wife, her uncle and aunt, where she remained until 1890. She then removed to Fremont, O..

to reside with her brother Samuel, and a little later to Oberlin, O., where she has since made her home with her aunt, Mrs. Dr. Smith.

In December, 1900, she went to Riverside, California, on a visit and returned in 1902. She is a member and active worker in the Congregational church at Oberlin.

FAMILY OF SIMEON S. BRINKERHOFF

VIII-112. Helen Gertrude Brinkerhoff, daughter of Simeon S., was born Jan. 21, 1873, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of her father she went to live with her mother's sister, Mrs. Anne De Moisy at Fort Scott. In 1891 the family removed to Provo City, Utah. On Wednesday, Jan. 18, 1899 she was united in marriage to Mr. William McCoard, a merchant, in business at Provo. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Kirby of the Methodist church at the residence of Mr. Chas De Moisy. Helen has one child—Helen Della, born November 24, 1899.

VIII-113. Henry Gordon Brinkerhoff, son of Simeon S., was born April 26, 1874, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of his father he went to live with his uncle, Dr. D. H. Brinkerhoff, at Fremont, O. He now holds a good position with the Jackson Shear Co. at Fremont.

VIII-114. Della Brinkerhoff, daughter of Simeon S., was born Feb. 15, 1876, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of her father, she went to live with her mother's brother, H. B. Gordon, at Fort Scott. In the fall of 1901 she removed to Provo, Utah.

VIII-115. Lizzie M. Brinkerhoff, daughter of Simeon S., was born Sept. 30, 1877, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of her father she went to live with her mother's cousin, Mrs. John Thompson at Perry, Lake county, O.

VIII-116. Simeon Blake Brinkerhoff, son of Simeon S., and fiftieth grandchild of Ger. Henry R. Brinkerhoff of Owasco, N. Y., was born Sept. 23, 1879, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of his father he went to live with his cousin, R. C. Brinkerhoff at Riverside, Cal., where he enjoyed the affectionate care given an only child.

VIII-117. Orlando Bertrum Brinkerhoff, son of Simeon S., was born February 16, 1883 at Fort Scott, Kansas. Upon the death of his mother in 1898, he removed to Compton, California to live with George F. Brinkerhoff and attend school.

FAMILY OF SIMEON S. BRINKERHOFF

Continued to March, 1917.

VIII—112. Helen Gertrude Brinkerhoff, daughter of Simeon S. Brinkerhoff was born January 21, 1873, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of her father she went to live with her mother's sister, Mrs. Anne De Moisy at Fort Scott.

In 1890 the family removed to Provo City, Utah.

On Wednesday, January 18, 1899, she was united in marriage to William McCoard, a merchant in business at Provo. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Kirby of the Methodist Church, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. De Moisy. The children of William and Helen are:

Helen Della, born November 24, 1899.

Marion, born March 8, 1906.

William B., born November 18, 1907.

Ethel, born April 2, 1913.

VIII—113. Henry Gordon Brinkerhoff, son of Simeon S. Brinkerhoff, was born April 26, 1874, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of his father, he went to live with his uncle, Dr. D. H. Brinkerhoff at Fremont, Ohio. He was educated in the public schools at Fremont. He then accepted a good position with the Jackson Shear Company, a large manufacturing concern in Fremont, and he is now one of the officers of the company.

On February 27, 1912, he was united in marriage to Miss Nina Fay Bolinger, who was born at Kansas, Seneca County, Ohio. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Merrick E. Ketchum, pastor of the First M. E. Church at Fremont.

Gordon and Nina have one child, Margaret Elizabeth, born March 8, 1913.

Gordon is active in Republican Party politics; was Clerk of Sandusky County; and was Deputy State Supervisor of Elections for four years, and has been urged by his friends to be a candidate for Mayor of Fremont, but has steadily declined for business reasons.

VIII—114. Della Brinkerhoff, daughter of Simeon S., was born February 15, 1876, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of her father, she went to live with her mother's brother, H. B. Gordon at Fort Scott. On July 15, 1901, she removed to Provo, Utah. On June 2, 1902 she was united in marriage to Harry McCoard brother of William McCoard at Provo. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. S. H. Goodwin of the Congregational Church.

The children of Harry and Della McCoard are:

Della B., born September 10, 1903.

Moncita, born December 20, 1904.

Harry Gordon, born November 7, 1907.

Alice, born October 19, 1909.

Donna Belle, born November 22, 1912.

William and Harry McCoard are partners, and are prominent and prosperous shoe merchants at Provo.

VIII—115. Lizzie M. Brinkerhoff, daughter of Simeon S., was born September 30, 1877, at Fort Scott, Kansas. At the death of her father, she went to live with her mother's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Thompson on their farm at Perry, Lake Co., Ohio. She had the advantages of the best schools in the vicinity.

Her marriage to Charles Alonzo Bartlett took place October 12, 1904, at her home in Perry, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. H. Starrett of the Methodist Church. Mr. Bartlett is a

drygoods merchant in the neighboring city of Geneva, where they now reside. In the last few years much of Mrs. Bartlett's time has been devoted to the care of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson in their declining years and her gentle and loving ministry is a great comfort to them and evidence of her gratitude for a good home with them.

VIII—116. Simeon Blake Brinkerhoff, son of Simeon S., was born at Fort Scott, Kansas September 30, 1879. At the death of his father, he went west to live with his cousin, R. C. Brinkerhoff at Riverside, California. His education was obtained in the public schools of Riverside. Soon after the close of his school work, he accepted a position with his cousin, N. L. Breckenridge on a large grain and stock ranch near Ventura, California. About five years later, he returned to Riverside and bought a small farm near the city. On April 14, 1903, he wedded Miss Helen Viola Reeder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Reeder at their home in Riverside. Rev. Benjamin S. Haywood, pastor of the First M. E. Church, performed the ceremony before a large company of relatives and friends. A few years later, Simeon Blake, sold the small farm at Riverside and entered the employ of N. L. Breckenridge as manager of a 600-acre ranch near Gardena, Los Angeles County. In January 1916, Mr. Breckenridge acquired a 1500-acre stock ranch in Fresno County, California, in the western foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, near the General Grant National Park, and installed Blake as manager and partner in the stock business.

The ranch contains good buildings and a pleasing and profitable diversity of level plow land for growing food for hogs and cattle, also rolling, well watered pasture land and plenty of timber for shade and fuel. A graded State Highway runs through the ranch up into the National Park. Their post office is Orange Cove, Fresno County.

Blake and Viola have four children:

Helen Dana, born December 29, 1904, at Riverside.

Kenneth Blake, born June 16, 1908, at Riverside.

Robert Gale, born April 21, 1911, at Riverside.

Dorothy May, born August 27, 1913, at Gardena.

VIII—117. Orlando Bertram Brinkerhoff, son of Simeon S., was born February 16, 1883, at Fort Scott Kansas. At the death of his mother in 1898, he removed to Compton, California to live with his cousin George F. Brinkerhoff and attend school. Upon finishing school he decided to study law, and in June 1904 he was graduated from the Law Department of the University of Southern California at Los Angeles, at the head of a class of fifteen, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He did not apply for admission to the Bar, but took a post graduate course in Surveying and on September 1, 1911, he entered the employ of the Southern California Edison (electric power) Company as Surveyor. On June 8, 1912, he married Miss Edna May Budworth, the daughter of W. W. Budworth of Mapelton, Kansas. The wedding ceremony took place in Los Angeles and was conducted by Rev. T. W. Williams, pastor of the Church of Jesus Christ.

Bertram and Edna have three children all born in Los Angeles:

Mary Edna, born February 13, 1913.

William Budworth, born December 6, 1914.

Joris Bertram, born October 30, 1916.

Their postoffice address is No. 1230 E. 55th St., Los Angeles, California.



R. C. Brinkerhoff
1885

THIS LITTLE TRESS OF HAIR

By MRS. PERSIS COE FRANKENHOFF

This little tress of hair, oh! who can tell,
The wild emotions that my bosom swell,
When to my throbbing breast, with painful joy;
I clasp this relic of my darling boy.

Long, long, my absent one has sweetly slept
In his low couch. The rose and violet
Have many summers bloomed above his head,
And the lone weeping-willow long has shed
Its nightly tears; so like a mother's grief
Who weeps in solitude and shuns relief
The bright calm moon its holy light has shed
Full oft upon his grave; the breeze with fairy tread
Sweet music oft hath made, as tho' 'twere joy
To lull the slumbers of my baby boy.

This little lock of hair! it opens the tomb.
And calls my loved one forth. Again the bloom
Is on his cheeks—I hear his laugh,
His patting footsteps and his questions grave.
I see the bright, blue eye, the radiant face,
The silken hair, and feel his warm embrace.
He lives! I clasp again my precious boy,
Again his smile I see, and all his childish joy.

But cruel mem'ry breaks the enchanting spell,
So pale and cold he lies. The tolling bell
The pall, the hearse, the slow and measured tread,
The last, long, lingering look into his lowly bed,
The pang my bleeding, stricken heart oppressed,
When the cold clods fell on his gentle breast,
Withering my inmost soul, and with dread weight,
Flashing the fearful whole that I am desolate.
Peace, peace, my soul, my throbbing heart be still,
And calmly sink into thy Maker's will,
Drink, drink, the cup, and bitter though it be,
Thy Savior holds it, He will strengthen thee.

This little lock of hair! It seems to say—
Mother look up, and in eternal day,
See thy sweet bud of promise blooming there,
Thy cherished one. A crown of glory fair
Adorns his brow, and in his tiny hand
A golden harp. See, with the cherub band
He bows before the throne. Hark now he sings
Raptured Hosannahs to the King of Kings;
And now his harp notes swell so sweet and clear,
Mourn not, dear mother, strive to meet me here.

Bright little tress of hair! I'll treasure thee,
For oft thy silent voice shall comfort me,
Rest on my heart, till my dear boy I see
When mortals shall be clothed with immortality!

DEBORAH.

The only sister of Sarah S. Brinkerhoff was born March 25, 1808. On December 11, 1827 she was united in marriage to Mr. Abram Cuddeback, who was born at Huguenot, Orange county, N. Y., June 25, 1800. The wedding took place at the residence of James Swartwout near Port Jervis. Shortly after this they settled near Lyons, N. Y., on a good farm. Deborah died on September 21, 1872. Her husband died January 17, 1874. Their children were Cornelius C., Jane, James, Samuel, William W., Sarah, Margaret A., and Olive J.

Jane married John Spencer Van Demark and resides at West Junius, Seneca county, N. Y. Her only son, Henry, was elected a member of the State Legislature from Seneca county in 1893.

Of the brothers of Sarah S. Brinkerhoff, Simeon married Alcha (Alice) Cuddeback and settled in Owasco, Cayuga county, N. Y. Their children were Peter, Anna, James, Sally, and Daniel. and Margaret

Phillip married Esther Westbrook and settled at Huguenot, Orange county, N. Y. Their children were Peter P., Jane, Catharine, Henry, Elizabeth and Sarah.

James D. married Naomi Cuddeback and settled at Deer Park, Orange county, N. Y. Their children were Peter, Sarah, Cornelius, Jane, Abram, Margaret and Deborah.

Samuel married Jemima Whitlock and removed to Marshall, Michigan. Their children were Joel, Simeon, Jane, Eliza, Amanda, George, Phillip and Olive.

David married Syncha Cuddeback and remained on the old homestead near Port Jervis, N. Y., which is now owned by his granddaughter, Mrs. Mary Swartwout Norris.

Their children were Henry, Jane, Hester, Phillip, Peter D., and Margaret.

*As for man, his days are as grass,
As a flower of the field so he flourisheth,
For the wind passeth over it and it is gone,
And the place thereof shall know it no more.*

*But the mercy of the Lord is from everlasting
To everlasting upon them that fear him,
And his righteousness unto children's children,
To such as keep his covenant and to those
That remember his commandments to do them.*

—Psalm 103.



Brockton Ave. Riverside, Cal.

What we need most in this Republic is not special genius, is not unusual brilliancy, but the honest and upright adherence on the part of the masses of the citizens and their representatives, to the fundamental laws of private and public morality, and we shall succeed or fail in making this Republic what it should be made—and I will go a little farther than that—what it shall and must be made—according to the manner in which we absolutely set ourselves to the task of citizenship, which consists of doing the duties, private and public, which in the aggregate make up citizenship.

—PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT at Arlington Monument, May 21, 1902.