

Additional Findings on North Carolina Albright Lineage

**A Supplement to
"SOME RECORDS OF THE ALBRIGHT FAMILY"
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When my Albright Family records were printed in 1941, I planned later on to do additional research on the early generations. There was a real need for more data, since so many of the early families bestowed the same names upon their respective children, and this similarity in names later on resulted not only in getting the generations mixed up, but also in assigning some children to the wrong parents. Therefore, it was necessary to spend considerable time going through many old records to check names and birth and marriage dates in order to clarify the confusion that had arisen regarding families and the generation to which they belonged. This mixup can now be untangled somewhat by the results of the research of several family genealogists.

The early records in my book (1) were copied by special permission in 1938 from A. G. Albright's book (2). He, in turn, had taken his source material from early records and family traditions that were recorded by Sallie Stockard (3), who states that the North Carolina Albrights who settled in "The Alamance" were descendants of Henry Albright of New York State, through his eldest son, Johannes, "who left New York and settled in Pennsylvania, where he married and had three sons, namely, Ludwig, Jacob and Henry." These children, according to tradition, left Pennsylvania and settled in North Carolina. This tradition

(1) Albright, Claribel, 1941—"Some Records of the Albright Family."
This book is available at the D.A.R. Library, Washington, D. C.

(2) Albright, Augustus Garland—"Some Data on the Albright Family."
This book is available at the D.A.R. Library, Washington, D. C.

(3) Stockard, Sallie, 1900—"History of Alamance." This was a thesis for her M. A. degree at the University of N. C. This book is available at the D.A.R. Library, Washington, D. C.

that Hendrick Albright of Albany County was the progenitor of the North Carolina Albrights has been proven to be incorrect.

Mr. Leonard (1) gives a list of the children of Hendrick Albright and his wife, Elisabeth Volland (Foland, Folent), daughter of Philippus Volland and Eva Switselaar of Kingston, New York, taken from an old Albright Bible, and which agrees with the record from the Reformed Dutch Church in Albany. All of these children, with the exception of Eva, who married a man by the name of Strauss, who, during the Revolution, being a Tory, went to Canada, remained in Albany County. Johannes, the eldest son whom the North Carolina Albrights had claimed, was Mr. Leonard's direct ancestor through Johannes' daughter, Rachel, who married John Leonard, his great-grandfather. The children of Hendrick Albright and Elisabeth Volland were:

- 1749 (July 15) Johannes, married Jan. 31, 1779, Rosina Buys.
- 1751 (Aug. 5) Eva married ? Strauss.
- 1753 (Sept. 5) Anna married Joseph Stalker.
- 1755 (Aug. 14) Philip, died unmarried.
- 1757 (Dec. 23) Helena, married June 8, 1781, Obidiah Cooper.
- 1763 (Oct. 1) Jacob, married Nov. 11, 1784, Hannah Arnold.
- 1765 (Oct. 10) Hendrik, died young.
- 1768 (Feb. 1) Frederick, married Magdalena (?).
- 1772 (Feb. 16) Heinrich, married June 5, 1793, Helen Bratt.
- 1774 (May 6) Elisabeth, married Benjamin Earl.

The above record shows that Hendrick Albright's and Elisabeth Volland's son, Johannes, was born in 1749. The children of this Johannes, according to Mr. Leonard, are Hendrick (1780), Jacob, Hannah, Rachel (1785), Elisabeth (1789), and Frederick. On the other hand, Stockard records this Johannes' children as Jacob, Ludwig, and Henry. Nevertheless, the 1749 birth-date of this Johannes is ample proof that he was not the Johannes who was the father of Jacob and Ludwig because family Bible records show that the Jacob and

(1) Leonard, Vreeland Y.—“The Albright Family of Albany County, New York.” This book is available at the D.A.R. Library, Washington, D. C.

Ludwig who settled in North Carolina were born in 1727 and 1731. So, the above records prove that the North Carolina Albrights can no longer claim Hendrick Albright of Albany County, New York, as their founder.

It is still hard to believe, however, that the tradition that Hendrick Albright of Albany County was the founder could exist so universally in North Carolina without some foundation. It is possible that a relationship did exist between Hendrick of Albany County, New York, and Johannes of Berks County, Pennsylvania, but since no records have been found proving such an assumption, we must consider only the actual records which are available at this time. The present research proves that Johannes Albright of Berks County, Pennsylvania, was the father of Jacob and Ludwig and was the real founder of the North Carolina Albrights.

The records of the North Carolina Albrights were preserved in two old German Bibles which the brothers took with them when they left Berks County, Pennsylvania. The Ludwig Albright Family Bible was kept in the hands of the Dr. D. H. Montgomery Family while that of the Jacob Albright Family remained in the Durant Hatch Albright Family. Very few records were found in these Bibles concerning the Albrights who remained in Pennsylvania. So, the work was begun by trying to prove or disprove several family traditions, some of which (especially the cherished old ones) were found to be true.

There was a tradition that a Barbara Albright, who was a contemporary of Jacob and Ludwig Albright, was a sister to these brothers. The following entry was made in the minutes of Stoners Church (North Carolina): "Widow Foust, named Barbara, a born Albright, died March 1, 1802, aged 82 years, 4 months and several weeks. She lived in widowhood 12 years

and near 3 months" (Born Oct. 10, 1719)*. Barbara Albright's husband, John Foust, was of the same generation as Jacob Albright and both were Elders of the Old Stoners Church, which was organized in 1758 (North Carolina Colonial Records). The only available North Carolina Albright records showed that a granddaughter of Jacob, a Barbara Albright (daughter of John and Elizabeth Graves Albright) married a John Foust. The Foust Family records (1), however, cleared up this confusion concerning the John Foust-Barbara Albright union. The pioneer settler, John Foust (1719-1780), of Berks County, Pennsylvania, and who later moved to North Carolina, married a Barbara Albright (1719-1802) of Berks County. They had a son, George Foust (1756) who in turn had a son named John Foust (1780) who also married a Barbara Albright (Jacob's granddaughter who is mentioned above). The first couple married probably about 1740 while the second couple married in 1802. The Foust Family have always presumed (although with no definite proof) that the first Barbara (Albright) Foust was a sister of Jacob and Ludwig Albright.

Another North Carolina tradition was that "Capt." William Albright was supposed to be a first cousin of Daniel Albright (son of Jacob). In other words, "Capt." William and Jacob Albright's children were first cousins. Mrs. Peters (2) in her research found hints concerning this tradition in the records of the Brick Church in Guilford County, North Carolina. Thus, from these records, one might assume that William's father and Jacob Albright were brothers. The Brick Church records also stated that Elizabeth Albright, who was the wife of George Clapp, was a sister of "Capt." William Albright.

* From records of John A. Holmes of Edenton, North Carolina.

(1) Holmes, John A.—A Foust-Albright descendant from Edenton, North Carolina.

(2) Peters, Mrs. F. N.—A family historian of Arlington, Virginia.

"Captain" William Albright (Oct. 6, 1751-Oct. 1, 1839) was a Revolutionary War soldier from Guilford County, North Carolina. In his pension application (1) he states that he was a private. Mrs. Peters found his name on a list of Regulators in North Carolina, so he might have gotten the title Captain because of that. In an affidavit dated Nov. 19, 1832, Capt. William states that he was born in Berks County, Pennsylvania, on Oct. 6, 1751, which he "has written on a piece of paper copied from his father's Bible," . . . that he moved to North Carolina "about the commencement of the Revolutionary War." . . . He signed his application as Wilhelm.

William Albright married Anna Marie Moser (Oct. 28, 1764-June 16, 1811) (2) daughter of Weyerich and Margretha Moser (3) of Berks County, Pennsylvania. Below is the record of their children (4) :

1. Catherine Albright (July 26, 1784) m John Shaeffer (Shaver).
2. Anna Magdalena Albright (Oct. 21, 1786).
3. Daniel Albright (Oct. 22, 1788) m Sarah Foust, daughter of Christian and Anna Maria (Wolf) Foust.
4. David Albright (Feb. 18, 1791) m Sophia Foust, daughter of Christian and Anna Maria (Wolf) Foust.
5. Jonathan Albright (Aug. 1, 1793) m Catherine Shaver.
6. Jacob Albright (Feb. 8, 1796) m Elizabeth Findley.
7. Gabriel Albright (Aug. 16, 1798-June 28, 1886) never married.
8. Henry Albright (April 6, 1802) m Betsey Deviney.
9. William Albright (July 9, 1805) never married.
10. John Albright (Jan. 21, 1810-Dec. 27, 1893) m Sarah Shepherd (Feb. 25, 1811-Sept. 14, 1900).

There is still another tradition concerning a supposed brother of Jacob and Ludwig. This is mentioned here because it was recorded by Miss Stockard in her early Albright history. The tradition tells of a brother, Henry, who settled in Orange County, North

(1) In his pension application No. S 6492, William states he was a private in a company commanded by Capt. Whitesell.

(2) From the records of Brick Church, North Carolina.

(3) Pa. Archives, 6th Ser. Vol. VI—Rev. John Waldschmidt's records, 1752-1786.

(4) From records of John A. Holmes of Edenton, North Carolina.

Carolina, and who had a son, Jacob, who settled in Georgia. Since there do not seem to be any records available to prove this old tradition, it can be assumed to be one of those cases of confused early names and dates. This traditional Henry could have been Jacob's son, Henry (1759), who married Mary Gibbs, daughter of Nicholas and Mary Efland Gibbs of Orange County, North Carolina.

It was with these traditions, along with the possibility of finding other children, that the research of this Pennsylvania pioneer family was started. The author wishes to give full credit to Mrs. Peters, whose untiring efforts have made these additional findings possible. It was she who found the early ship records of the Johannes Albrecht Family listed in R. B. Strassburger's (4) book. The family came to America from Rotterdam on board the Johnson Galley and entered the country at the Port of Philadelphia on Sept. 18, 1732. The names of the children appear in Vol. I, but do not appear in the photostatic copies in Vol. II. It is very fortunate that the children's names appear at all, for the names of the children of immigrants appear on a comparatively small number of the ship lists that were saved and copied in Strassburger's book. Children were not required to subscribe to the oath of allegiance, hence their names do not appear in Vol. II.

The family is listed as:

List of Palatines arrived in the Port of Philadelphia, on board the Johnson Sept. 18, 1732, from Rotterdam:

Men over 16 years

Albrecht
Johannes Albright

Boys under 16

Jacob Albright
Lodawick Albright

Women above 14

Albrecht
Anna Albright

Girls under 14

Matelina
Barbara
Christiana

(4) Strassburger, R. B.—"Pennsylvania German Pioneers," Vols. I and II.

Continuing the research with the aid of Edward Hocker (1), the author has been able to prove that the Jacob and Ludwig Albright who left Pennsylvania and settled in North Carolina, are identical with the Jacob and Lodawick who are listed as the sons of Johannes and Anna Albright found in Vol. I of Strassburger's book. Also the tradition that Capt. William was a first cousin to Jacob's children is found to be correct, as the child Christiana, supposedly a female, listed with Johannes Albright's children, was in reality a boy named Christian and the father of "Capt." William Albright, as will be shown later. This is proved by deeds disposing of Johannes Albright's estate in Pennsylvania.

Since the old Bible records showed that the Pennsylvania ancestors lived in Berks County, the research deals mainly with this section of the state. Berks County was not established until 1752. It is made up from parts of Philadelphia, Chester and Lancaster Counties. Johannes settled in that part of Lancaster County that was taken into Berks County. The earliest records were land grants (Lancaster County) in 1740, 1741 and 1743:

Pennsylvania Archives, Volume XXIV:

John Albrecht, 100 acres, June 20, 1740.

John Albrecht, 100 acres, June 3, 1741.

John Albrecht, 25 acres, Feb. 8, 1743.

This section of Berks County was the western part which included Bern Township where, the records show, most of the Berks County Albright families lived. Bern Township originally extended from a point a few miles west of Reading westward to the present line of Schuylkill County.

The disposing of the John Albrecht estate began in 1752. In that year, a deed is recorded which says that John Albright, Lancaster County, is bound to John

(1) Hocker, Edward W.—A professional genealogist and historian, 51 Pastorius St., Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa.

Foust, the same county, in the sum of £280 to carry out provisions of a deed dated June 6, 1744, whereby John Albright and his wife, Ana Barbara, agree they will sign a deed transferring 100 acres of land to John Foust which land John Albright now owns. This 100-acre tract was without a doubt the land grant surveyed to John Albrecht of Lancaster County in 1740 or 1741.

In a document (dated Dec. 4, 1752) taken from Berks County Deed Books, Johannes Ebler and Nicholas Soder, both of Bern Township, affirm that they saw John Albright (since deceased) sign the deed of June 6, 1744. (Apparently John died sometime between 1744 and 1752.) In the deed of 1752 which follows, the different members of the family are listed:

Deed Book A-3 27, Dec. 12, 1752, Barbara Albracht, Bern Township, late in the County of Lancaster, now in the County of Berks, widow of John Albracht, deceased, together with Christian Albracht, same township, yeoman; Jacob Albracht, same township, wheelwright; Lodawick Albracht, Alsace Township, Berks County, wheelwright; they being the three sons of John Albracht; Philip Foust, Bern Township, yeoman, and his wife, Mary, one of the daughters of the said John Albracht; and Judith Albracht, another daughter of John Albracht. The mother, sons and daughters, constituting the parties of the first part, transfer to John Foust, Bern Township, yeoman, intermarried with Barbara, the other of the daughters of John Albracht, the 100 acres of land mentioned in the deed of June 6, 1744, this being the land in Bern Township on which John Albracht then lived. It is described as being situated on the west side of the Schuylkill, extending along the river for 335 perches. There is a statement that £100 has been paid to John's widow, Barbara, with the full consent of her children. All the heirs confirm the transfer of the farm to John Foust which was then in his actual possession. In the body of the deed, the name of Philip Foust's wife is given as Mary, daughter of John Albracht, but she signed her name to the deed as Magdalen and an explanation says she was called Mary in the deed.

Magdalen's (Mary) name was written as Matelina in the ship's list of Johannes Albright's children found in Strassburger's Volume I. Mrs. Peters found among her notes that the name Matelina means Magdalene just as Johannes and Hans mean John, and that the

name Matelina appears quite often amongst the Clapps, Fousts and Albrights.

This deed in 1752 gives definite proof that the tradition that Capt. William Albright was a first cousin to Jacob's children, is correct. Capt. William's father, (John) Christian Albright, was listed as a son of John Albracht and thus was a brother of Jacob. His name was shortened to Christian and appears that way on the Berks County tax lists. This was common among German families to give their sons the first name of Johannes (John) and then call them by their second name.

In this early deed, we also have definite proof that the Foust Family tradition about Barbara (Albright) Foust is true. In the statement regarding the transfer of land to "John Foust . . . intermarried with Barbara, the other of the daughters of John Albracht," there is ample proof that Barbara is a sister of Jacob and Lodawick (Ludwig) Albright.

Besides finding proof of the existence of Jacob's and Ludwig's sister, Barbara (Albrecht) Foust, and brother, Christian Albrecht, the records also tell of a younger sister, Judith, born in 1734 which was after the family came to America and settled in Pennsylvania. Her birth is recorded in the early church records of the Rev. John Casper Stoevers. He was a Lutheran clergyman, who began in the 1730's to serve the German settlers over a wide extent of territory. The following is from his records: Judith, daughter of John Albrecht (Oley), born June 1, 1734, and baptized Aug. 9, 1734. (Oley is in the eastern part of what is now Berks County.)

From these early records, the members of this pioneer family have been identified as John and Anna Barbara Albrecht, father and mother, with the following children:

Barbara Albrecht
Matelina (Magdalen, Mary) Albrecht
Christian Albrecht
Jacob Albrecht
Lodawick Albrecht
Judith Albrecht

It is not known exactly when Jacob and Ludwig (Lodawick) left Berks County and settled in Orange County, North Carolina. The 1753 Berks County tax list for Bern Township listed these names with no further details: Jacob Albright, John Faust, and Philip Faust. Lodawick Albright's name does not appear on the list. The 1752 deed says he lived then in Alsace Township, Berks County. The two brothers, Jacob and Lodawick, were still in Berks County in 1759 as their names appear on the tax list for Bern Township for that year: Jacob Albrecht, Ludwig Albrecht, Christian Albrecht, John Faust, and Philip Faust. In the Archives in Washington, D. C. (Pension Bureau), Mrs. Peters found the pension application of Jacob Albright's son, Henry, which states that he was born on May 4, 1759, in Berks County, Pennsylvania, and about four years later "removed to Orange County, where he has resided ever since." Jacob's and Ludwig's names do not appear on the Bern Township tax records for 1767: (1)

Christian Albrecht, farmer, 100 acres, 2 horses, 3 cows.

Hannes (John) Faust, farmer, 100 acres, 2 horses, 2 cows,
1 sheep.

Philip Faust, farmer, 150 acres, 2 horses, 2 cows, 4 sheep.

In 1761 and 1763 there were two more deeds disposing of the John Albrecht estate:

Deed Book A-3 362. This deed covers disposition of a farm of 112 acres in Bern Township which John Albrecht had acquired in 1741 by a grant of the Proprietaries of Pennsylvania. The heirs united in placing a valuation upon the tract, and Christian Albrecht accepted it at this valuation, paying each of the other heirs £19 7s. Dated Nov. 17, 1761.

Deed Book A-3 137, 1762. Acknowledged Jan. 20, 1763. Anna Barbara Albrecht, widow and administratrix of John Albrecht, deceased: Christian Albrecht, eldest son of John;

(1) Pa. Archives, Third Ser., Vol. XVIII.

Philip Foust and his wife, Magdalen, the latter a daughter of John Albrecht; Jacob Heck, yeoman, and his wife, Judith, a daughter of John Albrecht; confirm to Hans (John) Foust 25 acres in Bern Township, which the Proprietaries of Pennsylvania had granted to John Albrecht Jan. 18, 1743, the consideration being payment of £5 to Anna Barbara, the widow; £4 to Christian Albrecht; £2 to Jacob Albrecht; £2 to Philip Foust and his wife, Magdalen, and £2 to Jacob Heck and his wife, Judith. It is explained that Hans Foust to whom the property was transferred was the husband of Barbara, daughter of John Albrecht.

Lodawick's name does not appear in these deeds. This disappearance from the records seems strange. Under the law Lodawick should have shared in the settlement of his father's estate, even though he was absent from Pennsylvania at the time. There is a possibility, however, that Lodawick may have received his share of the estate before leaving Pennsylvania. Lodawick Albright's purchase of 325 acres of land in Orange County, North Carolina, from Henry McCullough was made a matter of record at August, 1763, session of Court. Jacob's purchase of 200 acres from Daniel McDaniel was recorded at the February, 1764, session. The exact date of John Foust's arrival in North Carolina is not known but it is assumed that he settled there a few years after Jacob and Ludwig did.

Having identified the children of John and Anna Barbara Albrecht, we continue the history with the record of their grandchildren. Their daughter, Barbara (Oct. 10, 1719*-Mar. 1, 1802) married John Foust (1719-1789) possibly about 1740. Foust Family records* list their children as follows:

Philip Foust
John Foust
Jacob Foust
Christian Foust b. 1750 m Anna Maria Wolf
Barbara Foust b. 1752 m Jacob Clapp
Judith Foust b. 1754 m John Clapp
George Foust b. 1756 m. Barbara Kivett
Peter Foust b. 1759 m. Mary Snotherly
Daniel Foust m Sally Snotherly

* From records of John A. Holmes of Edenton, North Carolina.

The names of two of these children are found among baptismal records of the German Reformed Church (founded in 1739) Bern Township, Berks County. (Records printed in Vol. V of the Publications of Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania.):

John Christian, son of John Faust and wife, baptized Nov. 16, 1750. Sponsors: Christian Altbrecht and wife.

Barbara, daughter of John Faust and wife, baptized Feb. 9, 1752. Sponsor: Barbara Albrecht.

Philip and John Foust moved to Sullivan County, Tennessee, about 1788-89. Two of Christian Foust's daughters married sons of Capt. William Albright and moved West.

John and Anna Barbara Albrecht's daughter, Matelina (Magdalen, Mary) married Philip Foust. The complete list of their children is not available.

From Letters of Administration (Berks County Books 1-111) the name of Philip's eldest son is given: Philip Faust to John Faust, eldest son of Philip Faust, late of Bern Township, July 3, 1786. Magdalena, wife of Philip, renounces her right of administration.

John and Anna Barbara Albrecht's oldest son, Christian, was born about 1726 and died in 1784. He married Elizabeth Rick and a list of his children was found at the D.A.R. Library at Washington, D. C., among the papers of a member who joined through Christian Albright:

Elizabeth 6-22-1746

John Christian 2-26-1748

John William 10-27-1751

John

Daniel

Catharine m John Heister

Henry

Jacob 1758

George

Peter R. 1-4-1760

Michael 2-7-1765

Solomon

Justus Yost

From the Reformed Church, Bern Township, baptismal and other records of Frederic Cassimer Mueller, the dates given in the above record for Elizabeth and

(John) William are baptismal dates. Elizabeth was born May 15, 1746, and William was born Oct. 6, 1751. According to Clapp data, Elizabeth Albright married George Clapp on July 4, 1766.

Another record of Christian Albrecht's children is found in M. L. Montgomery's "Annals of Berks Co." (p. 955). They are included in a biography of Jacob W. Albright of Shartlesville, Berks County, whose records go back several generations. It is not a complete record for no daughters are mentioned. Then, too, William's name does not appear but that is probably because he had gone to North Carolina:

Christian Albright, who emigrated from Germany and settled in what is now the upper part of Berks County, married Elizabeth Rick. Children: Peter R. (died in Schuylkill Co.) (Will Book 7, p. 616), Solomon R., John Christian, Henry R., Daniel R., John R., John George, and Justus Yost R.

Since Christian Albrecht, Sr., had a son named John Christian, the author wished to list the children of this family in order to distinguish one from the other. John Christian (2-26-1748—2-28-1820), son of Christian Albright, married Maria Elizabeth Althouse. (In a Will dated Sept. 19, 1796, probated Feb. 6, 1797, Christian was appointed an executor in the estate of his brother-in-law, Jost Althouse, Bern Township.) Christian and Maria Elizabeth's children are listed below (1):

Mary Catherine
Anna Maria
Anna Magdalene
George
John Jacob
John
Solomon
Gabriel
Elizabeth

John and Anna Barbara Albrecht's son, Jacob, was born in 1727 according to Bible records. Much

(1) From Annals of Berks County.

confusion has been caused by the fact that Jacob's birth date was printed in the family books as 1748. This error is just another case of confused names and dates. Bible records show that about 1746-47 Jacob married Sophia Katherine Welder of Berks County, Pennsylvania. A son born in 1748 was also named Jacob. Therefore, it must have been the younger Jacob (1748) and not his father (1727), as recorded in Chapter IV of the author's book, who was the drummer in the Revolutionary War. This reasoning seems logical as this younger Jacob (1748) had a brother, Henry (1759), who was also a soldier in the war. Henry had a sergeant's rating when mustered out in 1782.

The older Jacob Albright's Will was registered at Hillsboro, North Carolina, on July 28, 1791. The copy of Jacob Albright's Will that appears in the author's book in Chapter IV is not complete. It is a case of an error in copying old records, for in handing down this Will, the part about his son, Daniel, was left out. In Mrs. Peters' abstract of the Will, after he gives his son, Henry, "the plantation he now possesses," he mentions his son, Daniel, and also gives him "the plantation he now possesses." Thus, Daniel's name does appear in Jacob's Will, a fact which proves that Jacob Albright was his father. Jacob and his wife, Sophia Catherine, had eight children. Their names and dates listed below are taken from the Jacob Albright Family Bible (1):

1. 1748 Jacob Albright m Sallie Wolf
2. Sophia Catharine Albright m Ludwig Clapp (2)
3. 1751 John Albright m Elizabeth Graves
4. 1753 Joseph Albright m Barbara Basin
5. 1757 Daniel Albright m Catherine Loy
6. 1759 Henry Albright m Mary Gibbs
7. 1761 George Albright m Katherine Holt
8. 1763 Catherine Albright m John Sharp

(1) From records of Lelia Stockard Moore (Mrs. Tom) of Norfolk, Va., a descendant of Jacob Albright's son, Henry (1759).

(2) From baptismal records of the German Reformed Church, Bern Township. Sophia Catharine was baptized Sept., 1749.

John and Anna Barbara Albrecht's son, Lodawick (Ludwig), was born on Nov. 11, 1731, and died Nov. 16, 1810. In 1751, he married Anna Marie Keller (Nov. 11, 1733-June 10, 1803). The record of their eight children, listed below, is found in the Ludwig Albright Family Bible (1):

1. 1752 John Albright
2. 1754 Anna Barbara Albright m Elisa Powell
3. 1756 Phillip Albright m Christina Clapp
4. 1758 Jacob Albright
5. 1761 John Ludwig Albright (see author's book, chapter II)
6. 1763 Catherine Albright (see Ludwig's Will)
7. 1766 George Albright (see author's book, chapter III)
8. 1771 Daniel Albright m Elizabeth Clapp

The above names of Ludwig's children are identical with those found in the abstract of Ludwig Albright's Will (2):

Son, Daniel, two daughters, Caty Holt (wife of Jeremiah Holt) and my daughter, Barbara Powell (wife of Elias Powell), sons John, Philip, Jacob, Ludwick, George and Daniel £10. Sons, Ludwick and Daniel, executors: witnessed by Michael Holt and Rachel Holt, and signed Ludwick Albright.

This Will also clears up the identity of Catherine Albright, who married Jeremiah Holt. It disproves the old Holt tradition as recorded in the author's book in Chapter XIII that the Catherine Albright who married Jeremiah Holt was born in Germany.

John and Anna Barbara Albrecht's daughter, Judith, was born June 1, 1734, in Pennsylvania, and married Jacob Heck. There is no record available of their children.

In conclusion, we list the vital statistics of the John and Anna Barbara Albrecht Family:

Barbara (1719-1802) married (about 1740) John Foust (1719-1789)

Matelina (Magdalen, Mary) married Philip Foust

(1) From records of A. G. Albright's "Some Data on the Albright Family."

(2) Orange County, North Carolina, Will Book D, page 280—Will of Ludwick Albright, dated March 3, 1810, probated Feb., 1811.

Christian (1726-1784) married (about 1745) Elizabeth Rick
Jacob (1727-1791) married (about 1746-47) Sophia Katherine
Welder
Lodawick (Ludwig) (1731-1810) married in 1751 Anna Marie
Keller (1733-1803)
Judith (1734) married Jacob Heck

As a result of the research on the North Carolina Albrights, the records proved the following: that Hendrick Albright of New York State was not the founder of the North Carolina families; that Johannes Albright of Berks County, Pennsylvania, was the father of Jacob and Ludwig Albright who settled in North Carolina; that Barbara Albright Faust was a sister of Jacob and Ludwig; that Capt. William Albright was a first cousin to Jacob's children because Capt. William's father, Christian, was a brother of Jacob; and that Johannes Albright of Berks County, Pennsylvania, was the real founder of the North Carolina Albrights.

It is hoped that this research on the early family history will help to clear up the confusion in names, dates, and generations found in the first four chapters of the author's book.